MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

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THE SENTINEL.

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

E. D. JERMAIN.....H. M. BRIGHTMAN

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1859.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
10:30 A. M.	12:50 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:15 A. M.	2:30 P. M.
LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.		
7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.		
9:15 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	8:00 A. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
7:30 P. M.	11:30 P. M.	
MILWAUKEE & HORICON.		
7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & RARABOO VALLEY.		
4:30 P. M.	11:25 A. M.	3:30 P. M.
DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.		
12:00 M.	2:30 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.	7:00 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD AND THE EAST.

The Colling wood Line of screw steamships leave one every day, from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water st., connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations for passengers, leave the different transportation docks every day for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The steamer Gazelle leaves Johnson & Olmsted's dock at 9 o'clock in the morning, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR CHICAGO, &C.

The steamer Traveller leaves Johnson & Olmsted's dock every evening, at 9 o'clock, for Chicago and intermediate ports.

The Foreign News.

The telegraph brings us a very full synopsis of the news by the steamship *Indian*, which is two days later than the advices by the *Weser* and *Borussia*. The news from the seat of war may be thus briefly summed up: No further battles had occurred, and it was thought that the Austrians would not venture to accept another battle in the present demoralized condition of their army. Peschiera was under a vigorous seige by the Sardinians, while the French troops, increased by the army corps of Prince NAPOLEON, were threatening Verona, into which place the main body of the Austrian army had retreated. The belligerent Emperors had made an exchange of prisoners. The French and Prussian armies of observation were about moving on the frontiers of the Rhine.—There was a great scarcity of provisions in the Italian villages occupied by the Allies.—Four Russian corps have been placed on a war footing, and it was rumored at Vienna that Turkey would turn against Austria.

The Commercial news is to the effect that the British markets continued dull, and breadstuffs had declined slightly. The weather being favorable for the crops, holders were pressing on the markets.

LATER.—We have one day's later news by the steamship *City of Washington*. Another battle was expected on the Adige.

The Policy of Austria.

Our readers probably noticed in yesterday's paper, under the telegraph head, coming very likely from an official source, a statement that Prussia has given positive assurances that the recent measures with regard to her military were not taken with a view to the commencement of hostilities, and that France may remain perfectly tranquil on that score. At the same time we had the information by the steamer *Borussia* that large numbers of troops continued to leave France for the seat of war, and that immense quantities of projectiles were being forwarded to the scene of action.

Thus far during the war it must be acknowledged that events have taken a somewhat different course than was generally anticipated. Shortly after the commencement of hostilities many predicted that if Austria suffered any severe reverses she would assent to a liberal settlement of the difficulties that led to the war, while others were of the opinion that Prussia and other States composing the Germanic Confederation would not see the house of Hapsburg humbled by NAPOLEON, and that they would make common cause against the common enemy, France. Such, however, has not been the case. Austria has experienced repeated and calamitous defeats; she has been compelled to give up some of her strongest positions without making an effort at defence, and yet she has given no signs intimating her readiness to accept terms of peace; and when the cloud of defeat hangs darkest over the Austrian arms Prussia comes forward—not to proffer aid to her imperial cousin, but to assure France that she has no intention of taking part in the contest.

Without stopping to enquire into the ulterior motives of NAPOLEON, it is evident that he has no idea of resting short of releasing Italy from the Austrian yoke, and so long as he is faithful to his professions in this respect, he will have the sympathy of every liberal government on the globe. The immediate result of the present war is now quite apparent. Austria cannot but be the loser. Her army has proved its incapacity to cope with the allies on the open field of battle, and the fortresses and entrenchments into which it has retreated, cannot at best hold out long against the overwhelming enthusiasm and superior skill of the French and Sardinian arms. At the present juncture, the question arises, what will Austria do? If we may judge her future course by the past, it is probable that instead of hearkening to the dictates of reason and sound policy, relying upon her physical strength, she will cling, with insane tenacity, to the hope of maintaining her domination in Italy. And what will be the result of this policy to Austria? Italy lost, her army broken down, her commerce deranged, her manufactures suspended, her treasury depleted, and many of her subjects entirely alienated from her—these will be some of the effects of the present war to Aussria, if it does not result in the entire destruction of the empire. In fact, as the London *Times* truly says, there is a period in the lives of Empires as of individuals, when the evil they have done rises up in judgment against them, and circumstances indicate that this period in the life of Austria is near at hand. Possibly what may prove to be the tomb of Austrian despotism, may turn out to be the resurrection of oppressed Hungary, dismembered Poland and down-trodden Italy.

RAILROAD MATTERS.—From the New York *Express* of Friday evening last, we take the following items:

The proposition of Mr. Newcomb Cleveland, one of the three claimants to the presidency of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, that each stockholder contribute fifty cents per share as a fund with which to litigate all bond and judgment creditors of the company except himself, is considered a good joke—the point of which can be even more clearly seen by inquiring into the dissolving of the injunction which restrained the foreclosure of the road by the third mortgage bondholders, the injunction being withdrawn by Cleveland himself.—*Post.*

Mr. Cleveland is reported to have transferred his judgment against the La Crosse Co. to Mr. Selah Chamberlain, the present lessee in possession, for $25,000, and the balance in notes signed by two prominent gentlemen in Milwaukee, and secured by $400,000 Minnesota bonds as collateral.

THE CROPS in this upper country give promise of a most abundant harvest—the best that has ever been gathered here; everything looks well, and we had this morning a beautiful rain, in which "the clouds dropped fatness," on our gardens and fields.—*Stevens Point Finery, July 15.*

State Items.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—HENRY D BARRON, of Pepin, is the Delegate to the Democratic State Convention from Pepin county.

A PLEASANT WAY TO PASS HOT NIGHTS.—Last Wednesday evening the wife of Mr. PEBBLES, a merchant in Waupun, wandered away from her house in that village, while in a state of derangement, and was gone all night, to the anxiety of her family and neighbors. At daybreak the village was alarmed by the church bell, and men started out in search. They soon found her, standing beside the river, near the village, looking into it attractedly, while the rain was falling in torrents. Mrs. PEBBLES has never before shown signs of insanity, and in this instance it is thought to have been brought on by the hot weather, in connection with other circumstances.

A BRAVE WOMAN.—Mrs. THOMAS JONES, a Welsh woman, 68 years of age, was killed at the cross roads near Lake Emily, Dodge County, one day last week, in stopping a span of unruly colts, that were running away from her son. She seized them by the bridles and succeeded in arresting their progress, but in so doing was struck violently in the breast by the pole of the wagon, and trampled upon by the horses, which caused her death in a few minutes.

ILL USE OF COLD WATER.—At Fox Lake, last Saturday, Mr. THOMAS MARROW was seriously injured by drinking heavily of cold water, while perspiring freely.

THE Detroit *Advertiser* has been furnished by a citizen of Detroit, who has been on the line of the Michigan Central R. R. on a tour of observation, with the following interesting estimates of the harvest. From conversation with a number of experienced men, added to the results of his own observation, he concludes that the amount of wheat brought to market over the Central road will be at the lowest calculation, two million bushels, leaving one half million in the country for bread and seed. The station between Detroit and New Buffalo, both in the form of grain and flour, are generally considered too low:

From New Buffalo and Dayton	25,000bu
" Buchanan	5,000
" Niles	200,000
" Dowagiac	150,000
" Decatur	50,000
" Paw Paw	50,000
" Kalamazoo	200,000
" Galesburg	5,000
" Battle Creek	200,000
" Marshall	200,000
" Albion	200,000
" Parma	50,000
" Jackson	200,000
" Grass Lake	50,000
" Chelsea	50,000
" Dexter	50,000
" Ann Harbor	200,000
" Ypsilanti	200,000
" This side of Ypsilanti, part of which will arrive by teams	50,000
	2,225,000 bu

The specimens of the new crop, sent to the *Advertiser* from various persons, are all remarkably fine.

The Kansas Constitutional Convention.

Correspondence of the Missouri Democrat.

HALL OF CONVENTION, Wyandotte, } K. T., July 11th, 1859. }

The old Topeka Constitutional Convention assembled in October, 1855; the Lecompton Constitution in September, 1857. The Leavenworth Constitution was erected during the March of 1858, and now in the dog days, July, in this year of grace, '59, the fourth, or Wyandotte Constitution, is being concocted.

It would be difficult to say just what kind of a Constitution will be made. The Democratic minority is sufficiently small to relieve them from much responsibility for what is done, at the same time it is sufficiently large to give a great deal of trouble. They seem to devote themselves exclusively to manufacturing capital for the otherwise politically poverty-stricken Kansas Democracy. If "practice makes perfect," this ought to be the best Constitution made in Kansas. I think it is doubtful, however, if the Constitution will be in all respects as intelligent an instrument as that framed at Leavenworth. Both parties seem to be a little jealous of their political reputation, and if the prevailing fashion of doing nothing so as to keep a good character, obtains, we will have a specimen of the "show them how not to do it."

I understand that the Committee on Judiciary, on which there is nearly an equal portion of Democrats with Republicans, have agreed on their report without difficulty. It will be so with many of their reports. The debates will occur on a few questions. The rights of slave owners in the Territory, Woman's Rights, Apportionment, Boundaries; and beside these we expect the African Democracy will give us niggers fried, niggers boiled, and niggers roasted, and that the discussions on these will be numerous, tremendous, and patriotic.

The two persons who claimed seats from Morris and Chase were kept out. They had gone before the people in their own district, and been defeated, and as they had a majority in one county out of the four, they modestly asked seats. The African Democracy, willing to take up with any dissaffected person, took them up, and stood up for them, on the ground of regarding the rights of the "people" over the iron rule of "legality." It was amusing to hear those who have denounced "Topekaism" for being "illegal," &c., taking the broad ground that the "people alone give power to a Convention"; that the law gives a Constitutional movement no "legality"; that "the people, in their primary capacity," are "entirely adequate to the task of assuming the responsibility of the State Government."

Those who remember the denunciations on the heads of the "rebellious Topekaites;" who remember Federal armies being brought against them by modern Democracy; who remember the imprisonment of those concerned in the movement of a Free State government, will be forcibly struck by the progress of modern Democracy. The doctrine may be a very good one, but if it is the changing front of the Administration forces on it, 'tis remarkable.

Several of the Nebraska delegates have appeared. Their cases have been reported, and referred to the appropriate Committee. When action is taken on them, these delegates will likely be admitted to honorary seats, with the privilege of speaking on the boundary question. A good deal of feeling exists with a few on this matter. A few parties thinking it may affect the capital question and suit them, are in favor of the annexation, but the general sentiment is against it. It is regarded as politically dangerous. The people of the Territory know each other, and although young, the Territory has a past history. Again, it is more than suspected that the chief animus of the scheme is to make a connection of railroad, which shall be a "Kansas road," up the Platte Valley, and from Chicago to Nebraska City, or some other point on the Missouri river in Nebraska, thus cutting off, or trying to cut off, the central route by the valley of the Kansas river.

The committees organized last week, and most of them have their reports nearly ready. The Convention is engaged this afternoon in Committee of the Whole on the report of corporations. As corporations have not souls, it is to be inferred that reports on corporations are not in a much better predicament, so I will not attempt to inflict the discussion or refer to all the amendments.

The exercises are rather dry for a Kansas Convention. Democrats and Republicans vote and amend promiscuously amongst each other. One Democrat, indeed, was hardy enough to take the ground that no bank should be permitted. He said, "The history of banking in this country is one of distress and fraud and ruin. It is a temptation to cheating." This, with a good many other platitudes emanated from the gentleman, but did not seem to get up a tempest even in the Democratic bosom. Several Republicans seemed to entertain similar views, but the "entire anti-bank system" is not likely to be developed on this occasion. KAW.

COMMERCE OF ENGLAND IN MAY.—The British trade and navigation returns for May, exhibit manifestly the depression which the political disturbance of Europe has caused to commerce. The ploughshare has sunk before the sword; the arts of peace retire before the stormy advance of war. The decline in the value of *imports* for the month was, in round numbers, $11,500,000, and the *exports* have fallen off nearly $10,000,000, as compared with May, 1858, although the total for the four months of the year, still maintains an ascendancy of about $10,000,000 over those of the same period of 1857, and of $45,000,000 over 1853.

June is not likely to show any improvement over the figures of May.

THE SUCCESS OF THE TRADE SALES THUS FAR.—We believe we express the opinion of both buyers and manufacturers in stating, that thus far, the Trade Sales have been quite as successful as the most sanguine of our citizens expected. As usual, at such times, there were some persons who predicted a failure; but they have been disappointed.—The number of buyers have been much larger than was expected, and merchants are here from almost every important city from the Pacific to the Atlantic, including San Francisco, New Orleans, &c.

The Boot and Shoe Sale opened remarkably well; and as our reporter stated, there were present from three to five hundred persons at all times, and there could not have been less than a thousand buyers in attendance, at different times during the day. The auctioneer, Mr. Townsend, sold the entire day, and showed himself one of the most skillful men in his line that ever used the hammer. The prices brought were generally good, and in many instances, they ranged so high that the goods were duplicated by the manufacturers. The sale will commence this morning at 9 o'clock, and will continue until the invoices shall be finished.

The sale of Glass Ware was entirely successful, so far as purchasers were concerned, and the prices were generally satisfactory; but the amount of goods invoiced was comparatively small. It may not be generally known that the manufacturers of glass ware have been in the habit of holding a semi-annual trade sale in Boston, and that therefore they were not prepared at this time to make up so large invoices as they would under other circumstances. The sale yesterday closed with a small invoice of the Suffolk Glass Company, and the amount of the whole, including the Bay State, Cape Cod, New England, Boston and Sandwich, Suffolk and Gleason's sale of plated ware, could not have exceeded $70,000. At the last semi-annual sale the amount of goods invoiced was about four times as much as all the above named companies had on sale yesterday. Col. Hatch performed his part in a most admirable manner, and despatched the business with wonderful rapidity.

The sales of boots and shoes will probably amount to about $500,000.—*Boston Traveller, 14th.*

TRAVEL ON THE IMPROVEMENT.—Times have been hard in Wisconsin the present season, partially on account of unwise State Legislation and mainly because of the failure of the wheat crop in 1858. We have not escaped the stringencies of the money market in the River Valley, and yet there is one thing very significant.

We find by an examination of the Books of the Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Company that there is *an actual increase of travel on the steamers upon the Lower Fox*, during the quarter ending July 1, 1859, as compared with the same time in 1858, of a trifle *over fifteen per cent.*

Another significant fact: While, as is well known, emigration to the west has been exceedingly limited, the books of the Company show a wonderful increase in the quantity of household furniture carried up Fox River.—This shows conclusively that notwithstanding the hard times and little general emigration, this portion of the State is settling quite rapidly.—*Appleton Crescent, July 15th.*

GOOD FOR DANE COUNTY SOIL AND ONE OF ITS CULTIVATORS.—We met W. B. Bird, of the town of Madison, to-day, and he expresses himself well satisfied with his prospects of good crops. He has already commenced harvesting his barley, and came across six heads which had grown from one kernel, and from one of the heads he counted out eighty-four kernels. This shows well for Dane County soil, and the strong probability of its cultivators having an abundance of good conditioned cereals to dispose of.—*Madison Patriot, July 16.*

THE CITY.

Cooper's Opera Troupe.

This Opera troupe made their first appearance in our city last evening. The extreme heat of the weather kept many of our music-loving citizens away, but those who attended were highly pleased with the entertainment. The company, though a small one, is skillfully made up, and the leading parts are sustained by really good artists. The violin and piano accompaniment was excellent. Miss MILNER, who sang the solo of Amina, acquitted herself remarkably well, and was heartily applauded. Mr. BOWLER and Mr. RUDOLPHSEN, the Elvino and Count Rodolpho of the evening, did justice to their respective characters.

To-night, the favorite opera, *Trovatore*, will be performed. We assure those of our readers who enjoy operatic music, that it is a real treat to hear Mr. COOPER'S company.

THE OTHER TACK.—Now that our *locale* of the *Wisconsin* has taken the other tack in the Milwaukee matters, let us advise him not to stretch too long on it. The poison was bad enough, do not kill us with the antidote. The noxious article very probably was the result of some misunderstanding between the foreman, the clerk and the locale, for it is reasonable to suppose that a paper in such a triangular position should suffer somewhat from a lack of unity. We say again to the *Wisconsin*, don't kill yourself with the *cure*, or we may be called upon to cry with SOCRATES—we owe a cock (not to ESCULAPIUS) but to POTTER.

It is not our intention to kick a man when he is down; far from it; but we saw CORUS reading the *Wisconsin* last evening and his conduct reminded us of that verse in what COLERIDGE calls the "fine old ballad of Sir Patrick Spence:"

> "The first line that Sir Patrick read
> A loud laugh laughed he,
> The next line that Sir Patrick read,
> The tear blinded his 'ee."

ANNIVERSARY OF THE LIGHT GUARDS.—The Milwaukee Light Guards celebrated their fourth anniversary, on Saturday last, by a parade and target excursion. Notwithstanding the intense heat, the company turned out strong, preceded by the Cornet Band and their own drum corps. They looked remarkably well as they marched through the streets, and were reviewed in front of the Newhall House by Major-General HATHAWAY. After the review, they marched out to the residence of Lieut. GEO. B. BINGHAM, there they passed the day most delightfully. A large number of ladies and gentlemen accompanied them, and all were made to feel at home at the hospitable mansion of Lieut. BINGHAM. The firing at the target occupied some two hours, and when it was over a capital dinner was served up, to which ample justice was done by all present. A number of sentiments were offered and speeches made, which called forth very hearty applauses. Late in the evening the Company returned to town highly delighted with their excursion. It was in all respects a successful affair.

DEATH OF A VETERAN ACTOR.—We are pained to learn that Mr. WILLIAM F. JOHNSON, who has resided in our city for two or three years past, and during the last winter was Manager of the Theatre in Young's Block, died last evening at the Hospital of the Sisters of Charity. Mr. JOHNSON had long been subject to severe rheumatic attacks, but until within a week, or so, was not thought to be seriously ill. The announcement of his death will grieve a large number of friends, here and elsewhere. He occupied a high rank in his profession, and his fund of anecdote, lively conversation and genial manners made him a favorite in the social circle. His funeral will take place this afternoon from the residence of RALPH JOHNSON, Esq.

NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER.—We understand that a new Democratic daily paper is about to be started in this city. It will be an Administration organ, in opposition to the *News*, which sails, at present, under the DOUGLAS flag. The proprietors have had considerable experience in the newspaper business. The Madison *Journal* says that Mr. E. A. CALKINS, late of the Madison *Argus & Democrat*, is to have the editorial charge of the new paper. If so, he will make it a spicy sheet.

Five Persons Drowned.

Saturday night WM. ANDREE and PETER HAUBERT entered the lake this side of the North Point to bathe; in crossing the deep water between the shore and the bar, they were drowned. HAUBERT was about 21 years of age, unmarried, and a brother of JOSEPH HAUBERT, who keeps a harness and trunk shop on Wisconsin street. ANDREE was about 19, unmarried, and was a clerk in the store of Mr. PHILLIPS, in Chestnut street.—Both were of German birth.

The same evening MARTIN MCDERMOTT, an Irishman, lost his life in the canal, near the La Crosse depot. He also was bathing, and though unable to swim, had been induced by the heat of the day to take this pleasant method of refreshing himself, when as met with his death. Mr. MCDERMOTT leaves behind him a wife and three children.

TWO CHILDREN DROWNED.

Sunday, a little after noon, a small boy (name not known) fell into the river, this side of Chestnut street bridge, and was drowned before assistance could be had.

Sunday evening a little girl, five years old, fell in a tank of water, in the Ninth Ward, and was suffocated.

The bodies of the entire five were recovered.

MUNICIPAL COURT—JUDGE FOOLE PRESIDING.—Monday, July 18.—F. L. Auer, drunk, fined $1 and cost.

John Kern, drunk, fined $1.

Thomas Mogher, violating bridge ordinance, fined $1.

Johanna Lindsauer, vagrancy, fined $10.—Allowed to leave the city.

Wm. Meadows, disorderly, penalty and cost, $7,45.

John Davis, disorderly, penalty and costs, $3,98.

Wm. Sauterly, disorderly, penalty and costs, $3,90.

Frederick Schlatter, assault and battery. The parties afterward came into court, and offered to settle the case, which they were allowed to do, by defendant paying costs.

C. A. Jessel, violating ordinance relating to auctions, found not guilty.

Frederick Reinebecke, disorderly, discharged.

State vs. F. A. Lynde, passing a bogus check, discharged.

THE GREAT EXCURSION TO THE FALLS OF MINNEHAHA.—The excursion of the Sons of Malta to the Falls of Minnehaha, Minn., will leave this city on Thursday morning, and meet the excursionists from Chicago at Milton. It will probably be one of the greatest excursions of the age, and will be participated in by people from all parts of the Western country. Although originated and planned by the Sons of Malta, it is not proposed to make membership in the Order a condition of taking part in the excursion, and all their friends, whether members or not, are invited to unite with them.

Tickets to St. Paul and back, for the occasion will be furnished by the Milwaukee & Mississippi Railroad at half the usual fare, or nine dollars.

NOTWITHSTANDING the warm weather, the Churches were well attended Sunday morning. Bishop ARMS delivered an excellent discourse at the Summerfield Church. Rev. J. M. BUCHANAN'S congregation was as large as usual and listened to a superior doctrinal sermon on Grace.

In the evening the Rev. Dr. PYPER delivered a lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association, at his Church. His subject was, "Science and Revelation, or Moses and the Geologists." In the course of his remarks he endeavored to disprove the theories of the scientific world and establish the Mosaic account of the creation of the world in six days—in its literal reading.

The lecture was an able one, though very open to criticism, and was listened to with deep attention by a large congregation.

MILWAUKEE FEMALE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.—The Commencement exercises of the Milwaukee Female College, will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 19th and 20th.

Tuesday morning will be devoted to recitations in Geography, Arithmetic, Zoology, Latin and Mental Science.

Tuesday afternoon, Astronomy and Butler's Analogy.

Wednesday morning, Compositions of the Senior Class.

Wednesday afternoon, Prize Essays, Valedictory, and an address by Prof. BARTLETT, of the Chicago Theological Seminary.

A HEATED TERM.—We have had a week of very hot weather; the mercury ranging from 90 to 96 degrees above zero at 2 P. M., for six days consecutively. Yesterday, a fine thunder shower at noon cooled the air somewhat, though it was sufficiently torrid at nightfall.

TURNER FESTIVAL.—Sunday the Turners had a festival at the "Menomonee Gard-ns," and enjoyed themselves in gymnastic feats, until the rain interfered. The prizes which were to have been distributed, will be given next Sunday, at the same place, when the festival will be continued.

FOR OGDENSBURGH AND THE EAST.—The screw steamer *Wisconsin* leaves this morning at 10 o'clock, for Ogdensburgh and intermediate ports. For passage apply at the company's office, foot of East Water street, J. GRIFFIN & Co., Agents.

MESSRS. BAMFORD & BALDWIN, at the M. & M. R. R. depot are gaining notoriety both by their enterprise and indomitable zeal. If there is anything in the news line not to be had of these gentlemen that can be had anywhere else, we should be happy to hear of it.

FOR COLLINGWOOD AND THE EAST.—The splendid upper cabin steamer *Hunter*, Capt. DIXON, will leave DOUSMAN & CO.'s dock to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. For passage apply at the Company's office, No. 70 East Water street.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN met last evening, Ald. WEST in the chair; six members being present. The resolution of the Board of Councillors to issue warrants to CHASE & SON, concurred in.

The resolutions to furnish the police with suitable numbers, to remove the stands from the north half of Division street were also concurred in.

The resolution of Councillor ROSEBECK relative to the remission of fines for licensing was laid on the table.

An ordinance regulating interments in the Eighth Ward, adopted.

The resolution to pay the annual sum of $50 to the several fire companies was concurred in after being amended to exclude No. Eight.

AT A MEETING of the members of Milwaukee Engine Co. No. 1, held at their Hall Friday evening, July 15th, A. D. 1859, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The members of Milwaukee Engine Co. No. 1 have been placed under obligations to several of our citizens, for courtesies extended to them on several occasions; and, whereas, they have had no opportunity to reciprocate for such favors, and hope they will never be called upon, in their official capacity, to lend a helping hand to any of their friends; therefore,

Resolved, That we hereby extend our most heartfelt thanks to the Light Guard Band, Company G of Milwaukee, Capt. A. H. Gardiner, Lieut. A. E. Chapin, of the Milwaukee Light Guard, J. A. Helfenstein, S. S. Daggett, and many others, for courtesies extended to us; and should opportunity offer, we shall ever hold ourselves in readiness to repay with interest.

Resolved, That the Milwaukee Engine Library Association [illegible] express their gratification as residents, and visitors, to the Library from Mr. L. Blake, and others, and hereby tender their humble thanks to the above name for such favors. They will read and endeavor to profit by the perusal of those volumes.

Resolved, That the above be published in the daily papers of this city. P. VAN VECHTEN, Foreman.

F. F. ADAMS, Secretary.

YESTERDAY afternoon the windows of heaven were opened, and the floods descended in the most refreshing manner. After the shower the air was sensibly purified and folks generally breathed freer.

THE *Free Democrat* announces the first case of *coup de soliel*, that of a man on Saturday afternoon, who was struck down near or at the brick yard.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION of our readers to the advertisement of an improved Shuttle Sewing Machine in another column.

SAMUEL I. BRIDGE,
Real Estate, Money & Insurance Broker.

I OFFER my services for the negotiation of Notes, Mortgages, Stocks, Bonds, and other securities, and for the *obtaining of Loans*. Also, for the purchase and sale of REAL ESTATE. Taxes paid. Abstracts of titles furnished. Collections made in all parts of the country.

Marine and Fire Insurance Effected,
In the best Companies, at the lowest rates.
SAML. I. BRIDGE,
Office of Merchants' & Traders' Ins. Co., Michigan street, under Newhall House. mo13d266dtstpp

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☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14'59dtf&tstpp A. WELLER, Agent.

NOTICE.—EDWARD P. ALLIS has opened an office under the State Bank, entrance on East Water street just north of Michigan street, and will give his attention to buying, selling or exchanging real estate and securities, and any other business which may require the services of an agent. my8'59d6m1stpp

☞ SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance. SMITH & STONE, Publishers. dtf

☞ Look out for imitations of Lee & Perrin's Worcestershire sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons. sep10-d4awly

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 124 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis. 1stply

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner E. East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block. jan21

MARRIED:

At the Church of the Atonement, in Chicago, on the 14th inst., by the Rector, Rev. Mr. BOYDEN, Miss MARY LESLIE, of St. Louis, and the Hon. MARCUS W. MCCRACKEN, of Bayfield, Wisconsin.

DIED:

Thursday, July 14th, WM. F. JOHNSON, aged 59 years.

Funeral from the residence of R. C. JOHNSON, corner of Knapp and Astor streets, this P. M. at 5 o'clock.—His friends are invited to attend.

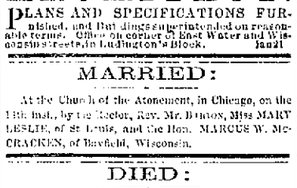
Amusements.

ALBANY HALL.

Six Grand Opera Nights!
Commencing Monday, July 18th, '59.
—BY—
COOPER'S
OPERA COMPANY!

H. C COOPER'S DISTINGUISHED Troupe for the rendition of the best Operas in the
ENGLISH LANGUAGE,
Embracing the following eminent artists:
Prima Donna Assoluta, ANNIE MILNER,
Mr. BOWLER, Mr. Aynsley Cook, Mr. RUDOLPHSEN.
Assisted by
Miss H. DARBE, Mrs. C. M. SMITH, Mrs. BURROUGHS, Messrs. HOFFMAN, BRUNO, HURLEY, GEHL, ANDREWS, &c., &c.

Monday, July 18—"La Sonnambula."
Tuesday, " 19—"Il Trovatore."
Wednesday, " 20—"The Barber of Seville."
Thursday, " 21—"Norma."
Friday, " 22—"Lucrezia Borgia" and Daughter of the Regiment.
Saturday, " 23—"Il Elisire d'Amore."
The Operas will be given complete.
TICKETS OF ADMISSION ONLY 50 CTS.
☞ Tickets can be procured (without extra charge) at the Music store of H. N. Hempstead, where a plan of the Hall can be seen.
Commence at 8 o'clock precisely.
☞ News, Free Democrat, Wisconsin and Banner copy. jn14d3t19t



BADGER STATE BOWLING SALOON
NO. 107 MAIN STREET.
PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND sent to any part of the country.
P. LAURENCE.

ALBANY RESTAURANT
AND BILLIARD ROOM,
Albany Block, corner Main and Michigan Sts
OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.
☞ Ladies Entrance second door on Main street. nov23d48tly

NOTICE.
I HAVE PURCHASED OF OTIS FIELD his entire interest in Albany Restaurant Billiard Rooms and Manufactory of Billiard Tables, under the name and style of OTIS FIELD & CO. All debts due the said firm, or claims against it will be settled by H. E. DICKINSON.
The business will be continued by H. E. Dickinson, at the old stand. OTIS FIELD.
jy18'59d3tsw H. E. DICKINSON.

F. Y. HORNING'S
PLANING AND FLOORING MILL,
AND SASH, DOOR AND BLIND FACTORY, at the old stand, east side of Milwaukee river, between Mason and Oneida streets, opposite Ludington & Co.'s Lumber Yard. Seasoned sash and Doors always on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices. Also all kinds of Mouldings for sale. jy12d3tdly

FIRE CRACKERS, IN BOXES OF 40 packages each, for sale by
EDWARD P. ALLIS,
e20 119 East Water Street.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

One Day Later from Europe.

FARTHER POINT, July 17—3 P. M.

The steamship Indian, from Liverpool, with dates to the 6th inst., has passed the Point on her way to Quebec. The North Britain, from Quebec, had arrived out.

The latest intelligence from the seat of war states that no further battles had occurred.

The French troops were threatening Verona.

The Liverpool breadstuff market exhibits a declining tendency, all descriptions being lower than previous quotations.

The weather was favorable for the crops.

Flour was very dull, and all qualities had declined. Wheat was also very dull, and had declined 1d@2d.

On the 5th consols were 93 1-4 to 93 1-2.

The head quarters of the French army is only four leagues from Peschiera, which place is under a vigorous siege by the Sardinians. The report of cannon is heard night and day in that direction.

The Austrian advanced post is but a short distance from Villa Franca, which is occupied by the troops of Marshal Niell.

It is much doubted whether the Austrians will venture to accept a battle in the present demoralized condition of their army.

TURIN, July 4.—It is rumored that 10,000 French troops have disembarked at Lossia and Piccola, on the Adriatic, and that the bridge to Cherso has been destroyed.

VALLEGIO, July 4—OFFICIAL.—The French army increased by the army corps.—The Prince Napoleon will operate against Verona, whilst a portion of the Sardinian army will continue the seige operations at Peschiera.—The Emperor Napoleon having sent back the wounded Austrian officers without exchange, and having requested an exchange of other prisoners, an Austrian officer has arrived with the announcement that the Emperor of Austria will also send back, without exchange, the wounded officers taken from the allies, and that his Majesty is equally desirous for an exchange of other prisoners.

TURIN, July 4—OFFICIAL.—The Sardinians have invested more closely the exterior of Peschiera, on the right bank of the Mincio, and on the 30th ult. our army crossed the river to invest Peschiera, also on the left bank.

BERNE, July 5.—The Austrians have withdrawn from Bormio.

The Piedmontese are advancing towards the Stelvio Pass.

It is rumored at Castiglione that the Austrians have retired into Verona.

The Turin correspondent of the London *Herald* says that 20,000 troops have been ordered from Milan, to Brescia, and 10,000 from Turin.

There are great complaints of the scarcity of provisions in the villages occupied by the allies.

PARIS, July 5.—The official condemnation by the French Government of the article in the Paris *Patrie*, affirms that respect for Papacy forms a part of the programme which the Emperor Napoleon is carrying out.

The Moniteur de Bologna publishes a letter from Count Cavour, to the Junta of Bologna, saying that King Victor Emanuel would not accept the Union Romagna, with Piedmont, but will direct the Roman forces to concur, for the purpose of obtaining Italian independence.

Gen. Pellissier's corps, to observe the frontiers of the Rhine, will be in cantonments by the 13th inst. It will comprise 160,000 infantry, 12,000 cavalry, and 4,000 cannon.

FRANKFORT, July 4.—At an extraordinary sitting of the German Diet to-day, Prussia presented new and further proposals, respecting the command-in-chief of the corps of observation on the Rhine. Immediately after the close of the sitting, M. De Usedon left for Berlin.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Times says that Prussia's new proposals are in the hands of the representatives of Russia and England. Also that in a week the Prussian army will be in full march. Two corps d'armee will be stationed on the Silesian frontier to guard against Russia; on the lower and middle Rhine 140,000 will be stationed, and when all her preparations are completed, Prussia will probably make her proposals to France, which will undoubtedly be refused.

The London Times' Vienna correspondent says that something unusual is going on between France and Russia and he would not be surprised if Turkey was to turn against Austria. Four Russian corps are already on a war footing, and the officers on limited leave have been ordered to join a levy of recruits.

COCHIN CHINA.—The French troops have defeated the army of outlaws, and captured a fort mounting 20 guns. The loss of the enemy was 500, and the French had 14 killed and 30 wounded. The leaders of the mutiny have been defeated and dispersed at Hong Kong.

ENGLAND.—Lord Lyndhurst made a speech in the House of Lords, strongly advocating vigorous measures of defence, both on sea and land. He regarded the assertion that France had no wish to invade England as undeserving of consideration. England might live in perfect independence of French forbearance, relying only on the vigor of her people.

The Fourth of July Banquet took place at St. James' Hall, London. Consul Campbell presided. Much enthusiasm prevailed, and the usual toasts were drank.

Mr. Dallas, the American Minister, made a speech, in which he compared the position of Italy to that of the U. S. in 1776, and expressed a warm sympathy with the spirit of national independence wherever it may be, and he proposed a sentiment to the same effect.

Later from California.

ST. LOUIS, July 16.

The overland mail of the 24th ult., has arrived. The Lecomptonites had nominated Milton S. Latham for Governor, J. C. Downey Lieut. Gov., John C. Burch for Congress from the Northern District.

Rich discoveries of gold had been made in the coast range of mountains in Humboldt Co.

OREGON.—Advices state that the Columbia and Williamette rivers were very high, causing great destruction of property.

Business was extremely dull owing to the non-arrival of several clippers overdue.

Harvesting was progressing, and the yield promised to be more than sufficient for home use.

A despatch from San Francisco to Gilroy, several hours later than the departure of the mail, furnishes three days later advices from British Columbia.

Frazer River had risen 12 feet in four days at Ft. Yale. All the houses on the beach were overflowed, and several swept away.

Mining operations were entirely suspended.

Coal has been discovered near Queenshorough.

Gov

THE SENTINEL.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1859.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention will be held at the City of Madison, in the Assembly Hall of the Capitol on Wednesday, the 31st day of August next, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers to be supported by the party at the ensuing general election; and to transact any other business that may properly come before it.

As the subject of selecting delegates to the next National Convention may be entertained and acted on by the Convention, it is suggested that the people in their primary caucuses, and the district conventions make such expression as will intimate to their delegates and the State Convention, the general sentiment of the State on that subject.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to two delegates in the Convention.

It is recommended that District Conventions for the selection of delegates be held throughout the State, on or before the 25th day of August, and that committees make early calls for that purpose; and it is especially urged that every district be duly represented in the Convention.

H. A. TENNEY,
WM. O. ROGERS,
GREGOR MENZEL,
WINFIELD SMITH,
W. P. LYON,
E. L. PHILLIPS,
GEORGE GARY,
GEORGE L. GRAVES.

Political Intelligence.

"Occasional," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, writes under date of July 13, that Hon. T. A. HENDRICKS, Commissioner of the General Land Office, is a candidate for Governor of Indiana, and intends starting for home in a few days, to canvass for the nomination. The same correspondent also states that Judge DOUGLAS is now in that city, preparing another manifesto on the Territorial question, which, it is said, will shortly see the light of day, and will be far ahead of anything that has yet emanated from his prolific brain.

This "manifesto," we presume, is to be in explanation of the brief, but significant letter in which Senator DOUGLAS announced the conditions upon which alone he would consent to accept the Charleston nomination. The tone of that letter has given great offence to the Administration men of the North and the slavery propagandists at the South. It was a false move on the part of Senator DOUGLAS, and he perceives the necessity of correcting his error by issuing a "manifesto." Too much letter-writing may, however, damage his Presidential prospects as seriously as it has done those of other ambitious aspirants.

THE TYROL.—It would appear from the European papers that the Austrians are fearful that the neutrality of Switzerland will be violated, the Tyrol invaded, and their communications with Northern Germany cut off. Otherwise it is impossible to explain why they are fortifying and garrisoning Nauders (not Nanders, as spelt in some of our papers.) This village of Nauders, and the contiguous Naudersburg, are in the Tyrol, near the Inn, and upon the Swiss frontier, and occupy an important strategical position. Here the road from Innspruck to Milan bifurcates. The western road follows and ascends the Inn, passes through St. Moritz at the junction of the Juliers (from Coire,) and Molloya, or Malloja, (from Chiavenna) passes and reunites upon the shores of Lake Como with the eastern road, which runs by Glurns, through the Stelvio Pass, descends thence along the Adda, through Borneo and Firano to the lake. At Mals, near Glurns, the eastern road bifurcates also. The western branch has been described as taking the Valley of the Adda; the eastern goes through Bolzano and Trent to Verona. Thus the position at Nauders actually commands the passage of five roads between Germany and Italy, and stands on the direct routes from Baden, Wurtemburg, Bavaria and Bohemia.

Why the Austrians should have desired to blow up the Devil's Bridge, (as stated last week) which is in the heart of Switzerland, and on the famous St. Gothard road, is incomprehensible, and it is more incredible that the Swiss permitted such a vandal outrage.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.—The Syracuse *Journal*, in an extended notice of the history of this company, in which a deserved compliment is paid to HENRY WELLS, Esq., who was the pioneer in the business in New York, says: "The route of the American Express Company extends through the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Kentucky, and Missouri, and all of Canada West besides the settled portions of the new territories. They amount in the aggregate to between four and five thousand miles. They have over six hundred offices, and give employment to about three thousand men, and two hundred horses. The amount of freight transported during the past year was over eight thousand tons; of money, during the same period they carried above one thousand millions of dollars. And this vast sum passed through the hands of the various clerks, messengers, &c., without the loss of a dollar, a fact that speaks well for the characters of their employees; while it testifies to the admirable system that prevails in their business, by which every package can be traced to its delivery in the hands of the owner, years hence, if necessary."

THE EMIGRATION ACROSS THE PLAINS.—Mr. JAMES C. MITCHELL, Secretary of the Columbus Ferry Company across Loup Fork, informs the Omaha *Nebraskian* that up to June 25th, 1,807 wagons, twenty hand-carts, 5,401 men, 424 women, 480 children, 1,610 horses, 406 mules, 6,010 oxen, and 6,000 sheep, had crossed the ferry at that point.—This statement includes no portion of the Mormon emigration, but embraces merely California, Oregon and Pike's Peak emigrants and their stocks, all going westward. The returning emigration crossed at SHINN'S Ferry, some fifteen miles below the confluence of the Loup Fork with the Platte. Many of the outward bound emigrants also crossed at the same point, so that it is probable that not less than four thousand wagons have passed over the military road westward from this city, since the 20th of March. It is more than probable that another year the number passing up the Platte Valley will be ten times as great.

AMERICAN TROOPS FOR MEXICO.—It is stated in the New York papers that the American Brigade for Mexico, is now nearly completed, and will probably be ready for motion in about two months.

Two Regiments are to be raised in New York and one in California. J. H. HOBART WARD, Ex-Commissary General of New York, will be Colonel of the New York Regiments.

The whole force will be under the command of Brigadier-General WHEAT, and will start from New York city and San Francisco simultaneously, to meet at a point in Mexico, fully prepared to sustain JUAREZ.

THE ULTIMATUM.—The Richmond *Enquirer* assures the Lynchburg *Republican* that if the Charleston Convention shall reject the doctrine of the power and duty of the General Government to enact a Slave Code for the Territories, "we regard it as much more than probable that the conservative democracy, not only of Virginia, but of the South, and of the whole Union, will refuse to vote for the nominee of the Charleston Convention."

RAILROAD BONDS.—In a recent publication on the railroads of the United States, it is stated that there falls due up to 1890, or in thirty years, $411,199,702 of railway bonds; of this $97,430,000 is already delinquent on the interest. $9,163,173 falls due this year, including the $4,000,000 Erie bonds. Next year $21,282,876 falls due; Illinois freeland, $3,000,000; Hudson River, $2,000,000; Reading, $3,500,000; the Michigan roads, $2,500,000, &c.

THE IRON STEAM RAM.—The London *Times* gives a long description of the new iron steam ram, which, it says, will be afloat next June. Her total length will be 380 feet, breadth 58, total weight at sea about 9,000 tons; full speed 16 miles an hour.—About 220 feet of the broadside of the vessel will be of teak, 24 inches thick: this will be covered with armor plates 4 1-2 inches thick on the deck. The ram will be armed with 35 Armstrong guns, each throwing 100 lb. shot over a range of six miles. The ram will run down ships by driving at them at full speed. If she only does one-half of what may fairly be anticipated from her, she will be cheaper to the nation than a dozen sail-of-the-line. The cost of the hull will be about £200,000; the engines about £75,000, and her fitting for sea about £45,000 more, or £320,000 in all.

Street Railroad Travel in Philadelphia.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin*, in the following article, shows how the street railroads in that city operate. It says:

There are ten different horse railroads for carrying passengers now in operation in Philadelphia, covering a distance probably of one hundred miles of single track. The number of cars is over three hundred, and the number of horses must be a couple of thousand. The men employed by them, in all capacities, amount to about one thousand. The fourth of July was a great day on these roads. The amount of money received on all of them on that day, was $8,787. This presents a total of 175,740 passengers at full five cents fare. The operations of each road are shown by the following statement, which we have obtained from official sources:

	Cars.	Receipts.	Fare at 5 cents
Second and Third	57	$1,564	31,280
Fifth and Sixth	56	1,240	24,800
Fourth and Eighth	38	1,050	21,000
Tenth and Eleventh	37	1,015	20,300
Race and Vine	23	780	15,600
Arch Street	16	370	7,400
Ridge Avenue	19	290	5,800
Girard College	19	764	17,880
Market Street	85	1,000	20,000
Spruce and Pine	16	395	7,900
Darby Road	9	325	6,500
Total	342	$8,787	175,740

These figures are surprising; but they do not tell all; for many persons got exchange tickets at six or eight cents, which carried them over two roads, and, besides, there are a great many persons on the free list. So that it is estimated that the actual number of individual trips made was not less than two hundred thousand. This represents nearly one-third of the population of the city of Philadelphia, men, women and children, the old and disabled, the invalids and the children in arms. With such a result in a single day, who will say that city railroads are not a great public blessing? In the days when omnibusses were the only public vehicles for traveling at a cheap rate in the city, the number of passengers on a great holiday could scarcely have amounted to one-sixth of the travel by the city railway cars on Monday last.

Slave Cargoes Landed in Florida.

Correspondence of the New York Herald.

WASHINGTON, July 10.

"Carefully as the secret has been guarded by those interested, it is well known throughout the South that a very large number of Slaves have been landed, chiefly on the Florida coast, within the past twelve months.—*A very distinguished Democratic Senator informed me within the last week, that his estimate of the number of cargoes of "Savages" that had been successfully transported into the interior of the country since May 1858 was between Sixty and Seventy.* He added that the boast had been semi-confidentially made to him, six weeks ago, by an individual interested, that twelve Slave vessels, whose names were unknown to him, would discharge their living freight upon our shores within ninety days. Supposing each vessel to contain, deducting loss by death, 250 blacks, *the late increase of Slave population of the South by importation from the coast of Africa must have been over* 15,000. Startling as this fact appears, I have not ventured to communicate it to you until fully persuaded that it cannot be contradicted; or, if gainsayed, that its truth may within a short period be demonstrated."

This is the emanation of no "Black Republican" journal, nor is it got up simply to "injure the Democracy." The *Herald* is an organ of the Administration, and its Washington correspondents assume to stand in high favor at Court. The facts are given as simple items of news, and are unquestionably well-founded. Similar facts have been made public by others; and there is as little doubt of their authenticity as there is of the equally important fact, that the Democratic party has become the mere tool of the Slaveholders of the Union.—*Albany Journal.*

Loss of Life by Lightning.

Correspondence of the Detroit Free Press.

CLARKSTON, Oakland Co., July 14, 1859.

The house of Moses Stiff, about three miles north of this places was struck by lightning during the storm to-day, and two of his children, aged six and ten years, killed. Another child was prostrated, but recovered. The mother was up stairs at the moment and heard the children fall. The house was not burned, Two hogs, in a pen near the house, were killed. J. B.

IMPORTANT DECISION—THE OHIO BLACK LAW DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.—The Court of Common Pleas for Cuyahoga County, through Judge Foote, this morning, delivered an important decision. At the last election, Freeman H. Morris, tailor, of this city, and having about one-fourth negro blood in his veins, presented himself at the First Ward voting place, and was barred from voting on account of his negro blood. Action was brought against the judges of election, Sanborn, Christian and Garrett, for illegally rejecting the vote. They pleaded in defence the recent action of the Legislature, rejecting the vote of any person having negro blood in his veins.

The case was made up and submitted to the Court. This morning, Judge Foote declared for the plaintiff, declaring the "Black Law" to be unconstitutional. The Court held that under the old Constitution of Ohio all persons having more than half white blood was declared to be legally white. The new Constitution merely mentioned "white persons," without defining what constituted a white person, consequently the definition of a white person contained in the old Constitution remained in force, and any law declaring a person having more than half white blood to be a negro must of necessity be unconstitutional.—*Cleveland Herald.*

A GREAT 100 MILE FOOT RACE.—A great feat of pedestrianism was undertaken at the Race Course on the Troy road, between Albany and Troy on Wednesday, between Albert Smith, of Tonawanda, and Henry Bennett, of Cattaraugus, well known Indian runners. Neither of the combatants for the prizes—which were the honor of championship and $100 in money—succeeded in accomplishing the task. Bennett succumbed to fatigue and the exhausting heat of the weather, after making his twenty-eighth mile. Smith continued on his course until he completed his first fifty miles, which he accomplished in seven hours and twenty-four seconds, averaging seven miles per hour.—He then took dinner.

On the 57th mile, says the Albany *Express*, Smith showed great signs of fatigue, and at intervals sat down to rest upon the track.—This accounts for the length of time occupied in that mile. He was then furnished a lemonade, which appeared to resuscitate him, and he again started off with more apparent ease than before.

The shoes which Smith wore were a pair of light morocco slippers, and on reaching the 61st mile, his feet had become so sore that he was almost unable to walk, and was therefore compelled to give up a task which has never been accomplished by any person in the arena of pedestrianism.

The time occupied by Smith in the 61 miles was *nine hours twenty-nine minutes and thirty-nine seconds*, the quickest, for the distance, on record.

IMMINENT PERIL OF A BOSTONIAN AND FAMILY.—Mr. E. N. Perkins of Boston, wife and three other ladies, were in Perugia, at the time of the sack of that unfortunate village, on June 15th, by the Swiss mercenaries of the Papal government. Massacres and brutal excesses of the worst description were perpetrated. Neither age or sex were spared. A letter from Rome, June 25, to the London Post, says:

"An American gentleman, Mr. E. N. Perkins, of Boston, who arrived at Perugia from Rome on the 15th, with Mrs. Perkins and three other ladies, had a very narrow escape from the hands of the brutal soldiery, who burst into the Hotel de France, where he was staying, shot the master of the hotel and the waiter, and most probably would have murdered the travelers also, had they not been concealed by the mother of the unfortunate hotel keeper in a dark recess, leading by a secret door out of one of their bedrooms. In this suffocating hiding place they all remained for fourteen hours, and when they at last ventured out they found that the whole hotel had been gutted, furniture and property destroyed or carried off, and that Mr. Perkin's luggage, containing money and valuable effects of many kinds to the amount of nearly $3,000, had likewise become the prey of these freebooters in uniform. The United States Minister in Rome, Mr. Stockton, has received an exact account of the occurrence from the sufferers, and is making energetic representations to the government in order to obtain a suitable reparation."

"TIME IS MONEY"—Of course it is, or else how could you spend it?

Mons. Blondin's Exploits on the Tight Rope.

Correspondence of the Detroit Free Press.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, July 14, 1859.

I left Windsor last Wednesday afternoon, at 1:20, with a train containing about one hundred and fifty passengers, in the charge of Conductor Willey. On leaving the train was about twenty minutes late, and there was nothing occurred between Windsor and Suspension Bridge to retard the progress of the train, which is a very rare occurrence on railroads, so that we arrived on time to a second. Now for Mons. Blondin, the most daring man of his day. From six o'clock on Thursday morning until four in the afternoon, there was a perfect avalanche of people arriving from all directions by regular and special trains, to witness what had been announced as the last and most intrepid feat. At 3 o'clock P. M., the crowd began to assemble, to witness Blondin's performance on the rope, and at 5 o'clock every available tree, stump, ledge or spot where a view of the rope could be obtained, on either side of the river, was occupied by anxious gazers, for a half a mile above and below the rope. A great number of stands had also been erected on each bank of the river, which were crowded to excess. At 5 o'clock Blondin appeared on the rope, on the American side, amidst the cheers of the excited multitude. He started for Canada, *walking backwards*, having with him his balance pole, which is thirty feet long. He stopped when about one-third of the way out, and sat down to rest for a few moments, when he again started.

After arriving mid-way across, he stopped again, sat down, and signalled the little steamer *Maid of the Mist* which came directly under where he sat. Capt. Travis, the great pistol shot, was on board, according to an agreement; and Blondin held out his hat and allowed him to perforate it with a bullet from the deck of the vessel. He then lowered the hat, with an empty bottle, by a cord to the boat, and again proceeded onward. When within about three hundred feet of the Canada shore he laid down upon the rope perfectly straight, with his balance pole across his breast. After a moment's rest he rose and started again, arriving safely on the Canada shore, having been twenty-seven minutes going across. On arriving he was received with deafening cheers, and every person who could get to him grasped his hand in token of their delight and satisfaction at his performance. He then got into a carriage and drove among the crowd, making a collection and thankfully receiving what any person chose to donate. He thanked them for whatever they gave, saying, "Me can't speak good Enlish; me's very much obliged. I'se go back in a few minit wit one wheels-barror; den all's right."

In about twenty minutes he appeared from his dressing-room, tumbling about like a monkey, dressed in the character of Jocko, the Brazilian ape. He soon started with a wheelbarrow for the American side, the barrow being fastened by the handles to a belt which he wore around his waist, carrying his balance-pole in his hands. The wheel of the barrow had a flange on each side to prevent its coming off the rope. He stopped three times on his journey to rest, but could not sit down, owing to the barrow being so fastened to his waist. The time occupied in going back was thirty-one minutes.

There was present, to witness the exhibition, a very fine fire company from Philadelphia, accompanied by a fine brass band. The stories that have been published concerning the rope, are incorrect. The rope is two inches in diameter, and the guys are eighteen feet apart throughout the entire length of the rope, there being no space of a hundred and twenty feet midway as has been reported.—The rope is seventy-two feet lower in the centre than at each end. JONAH.

The Announcement of the Great Battle at Paris—The Popular Enthusiasm—A Paris Illumination.

PARIS, Tuesday, June 28, 1859.

Another great battle has been fought; the name of *Solferino* will be entwined with "Magenta" in the laurel-wreath Napoleon III. is winding round is brow, and the Muse of History, in telling the story, will stamp it as one of the bloodiest and best contested battles of modern times.

My brother "Malakoff" is at the seat of war and in a private note informs me he was present at the battle, and has sent the *Times* full particulars; therefore it merely remains to me in his absence to note for your readers what has been passing in this great centre of the world. On the morning of Saturday, June 25, there took place an early drill in the Champ de Mars, of the troops remaining near Paris. While they were engaged in mimic war, the thunder of the cannon of the invalides announced to Paris and the world that their comrades on the field of real strife had won another and a glorious victory; they halt, listen, and shouts of *Vive l'Empereur* break the air, as each successive roar of artillery dies away upon the ear. The cannon cease, their story is told. Paris is like a grave, the people seem to hold their breath; for as they well know, it is only on great occasions those cannon speak; and they know, too, that, for the friends at home the roar of these cannon is, alas, too often the death-knell of many a brave beloved one.

Ten thousand times ten thousand hearts stand still, the pallid cheek, the falling tear tell the heart's silent agony.

The news! the news! What is it? When, where? What losses, what successes? Who is killed? you read in every eye. Here comes the Extra *Moniteur*. The Emperor telegraphs to the Empress, "The Austrians are beaten, all their positions taken, many prisoners, many cannon and flags, our loss inconsiderable." Good news and glorious, but the "loss *inconsiderable*?" Go to the hundred thousand women, pale with anxiety and fear, and read the story! No matter how many be killed, to many, alas, it is death, despair—ruin. The day rolls on, and the national pride in a great victory seen. Flags, tri-colors, French and Sardinian, float from every window and balcony; the Empress and Princess Clotilde drive through the streets amid tumultuous cries of *Vive l'Empereur.—Vive l'Imperatrice. Vive le Roide Sardaigne. Vive la Princesse Clotilde. Vive la France. Vive l'Italie.* The heaven works—pale faces flush, and hope drowns fear; a general and spontaneous illumination is resolved upon; the crowd rush to the venders of colored lanterns in such numbers that the police have to be called upon to keep them in order.—By vender sold that afternoon of lanterns 40,000 francs worth, and he is one among the many.

Night throws her mantle over the city, and Paris is drunk with joy; all the public buildings are in a blaze of gas; all private dwellings with ornamental and various colored lanterns; the police relax their vigilance, and the noise of the fire crackers and the whizzing of Chinese wheels, remind us of the Fourth of July at home. All Paris was in the streets until two o'clock in the morning.

Among other curious proceedings was that of a party of *gamins*, ("b'hoys,") each carrying a lantern, and preceded by music, who announced to the people "that as they had no front windows, they illuminated themselves like glow worms."

It were vain to attempt to describe the illumination; it was spontaneous, and one of the best that has ever been seen in Paris, and, to those who know Paris, that is sufficient; for those who do not, I am sorry, but they must hope to see one. The same thing was repeated on Sunday evening, and in many places improved on. All was apparent joy, and yet anxiety was in every house—anxiety not yet allayed.

A WRITER in the Leavenworth *Times*, relates following anecdote of Mr. GREELEY:

"When the party had mounted their animals in front of the camp of Dr. Casto, the President of the mining district, for the purpose of treading the back track, Horace found it, however, more easy to bestride his long-eared charger than to induce him to move onward. The whip and spur proved unequal to the task. Every forcible expedient being exhausted, the rider finally resorted to 'moral persuasion.' Mellow words of kindness and encouragement flowed from his lips; but they availed nothing. The obstinacy of the animal finally seemed to excite the admonitor, and in a half-praying, half-threatening tone, he exclaimed: "*Now mule for God's sake don't be a mule!*" This vigorous appeal was properly responded to. The mule moved."

GENERAL CASS has assumed a double-headed eagle for his political crest: one head applies to the American citizenship of naturalized aliens, and the other to the military and conscript service which they owe to their mother country.—*Louisville Journal.*

THE end of too much cold meat is mostly a broil.

FEVER AND AGUE.—A CASE OF EIGHT MONTHS' STANDING CURED BY BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS.—Michael Kelly, No. 117 Seventh, near Grant st., Pittsburgh, says:

"Last July, while running on the river, on a cotton-boat plying between Natchez and New Orleans, I was taken with Fever and Ague. For eight long months I suffered with this dreadful disease. The greater part of this time I was unable to work, and spent at least fifty dollars for different medicines, but found no permanent relief. Three weeks ago one of my friends insisted upon my trying Boerhave's Holland Bitters, saying that a cure was guaranteed. After taking it for one week, I must say I was a sound man. I have been at work now for two weeks, and have had no return of the Chills or Fever, whatever."

I certify that the above statement is true.

THOMAS ADAMS,
Diamond House, or R. Chester's Gothic Hall.

CAUTION!—Beware of Imposition See that the name of Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co., sole proprietors Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the label of every bottle.

HENRY FESS, Jr., Wholesale Druggist, 195 East Water street, Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee; sold, also by WM. FINKLER, 17 East Water street, and by Druggists generally. jy2d1w

Auction Sales.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made by the County Court of Dodge County, State of Wisconsin on the 23d day of May last past, in the matter of the estate of Solomon Juneau deceased, the undersigned Administrators will on the 20th day of July next, ensuing, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, Wis., offer for sale at public vendue, the following described lands, tenements and hereditaments, to wit: Lots number forty-two and eight (42 and 8) in Block number three hundred and forty-three, in the First Ward of the City of Milwaukee, State of Wisconsin.

The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale.

Dated the 14th day of June, A. D. 1859.

NARCISSE M. JUNEAU,
HENRY S. WHITE,
Administrators.

jun6d14d4w

ALTON & AYRES,

WHOLESALE

Auction and Commission Merchants,

WILL RECEIVE CONSIGNMENTS OF all kinds of

MERCHANDIZE OR FURNITURE,

For either Private or Public Sale.

And flatter themselves that they can give uniform satisfaction, by

QUICK SALES,

At best rates of commission, and by prompt returns.

OUR CATALOGUE SALES

Offer Great Advantages,

For the sale of all kinds of property from the estates of all distributors of merchants. Among country merchants. mar29d1tf ALTON & AYRES.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual place; advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sep21

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

CATALOGUE SALE OF A STOCK OF Goods. On Wednesday morning July 20th, I will sell at Catalogue, the following goods to the highest bidder for cash: 41 pieces shirtings, denims, pants, drills, cassimeres, delaines, alpacas, calicoes, ginghams, cassinettes, tweeds, threads, buttons, velvet, carpets, hooks and eyes, thimbles, corsets, whale bones, combs, umbrellas, parasols, children's hats, and fancy goods, dress goods, crape shawls and a variety of other goods all of which will be described in the Catalogue. Sale is positive.

CALEB WALL,
City Auctioneer.

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Land Agents and Money Brokers,

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize at their sale room or in any part of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.

S. WILLIAMS. W. S. RODWAY.

Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18d6m317

For Sale or Rent.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK STORES, ONE CORner of Main and Mason sts., the other adjoining, on Mason street, 25, lately occupied by A. J. W. Pierce. Apply to J. & G. ADAMS. jeod1m10

FOR SALE.

LOT 13, BLOCK 76, FRONTING ON Jackson Street, 7th Ward, City of Milwaukee. Terms liberal. Address ALFRED A. MOTT, 66 Fecat Street, New York City. jeod1w10

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

THAT BEAUTIFUL FARM ON BEAVER Lake, with a beautiful Cottage, which cost one thousand dollars, and eighty acres of land. Five acres of it, which is in high state of cultivation, I want to exchange for a neat, pleasant cottage and lot, in Fourth, Seventh, or First Ward. The property I offer is free from all incumbrances, and will want to exchange for property free from encumbrance. CALEB WALL. may31

FOR SALE.

TWO OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL NEW BRICK HOUSES,

In the Block of Nine Houses,

JACKSON ST., NEAR DIVISION.

These Houses are three stories high, and have fine stone cellars. There are

NINE ROOMS IN EACH HOUSE,

And a good supply of Pantries and Closets, and all and finished in modern style. The parlors are finished with stucco cornice and centerpieces, and marble mantles. There is also

A GOOD BRICK STABLE,

AND A FLUTTERING CISTERN ON EACH LOT, and everything in the best condition. Apply at my office corner of East Water and Knapp sts., or address me through the Post office. Price $4,000, on long time. ADAM GIMBEL.

J. H. CRAMPTON,

GENERAL LAND AGENT, MILWAUkee, Wisconsin, will pay personal attention to the selection of PINE LANDS in Wisconsin, in this State, and locate the same on reasonable terms. Office No. 12 WISCONSIN STREET. oct1

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

TWO DWELLING HOUSES, ON Van Buren street, near Lyon. Immediate possession given.

J. H. CRAMPTON.

Cash for Land Warrants.

I AM PREPARED TO ENTER FROM 5,000 to 8,000 acres of choice Farming Lands, mostly in counties of my own selection, in well settled counties in this State, at $1 military acre. Call soon.

se9d J. H. CRAMPTON, Land Agent.

Instruction.

SALOM'S

Wisconsin State

Mercantile College

JUNEAU BLOCK, MILWAUKEE.

DIRECTORS:

HON. LYMAN C. DRAPER, Madison, Supt. of Public Instruction in the State of Wisconsin.
HON. B. KILBOURN, Mil. DR. J. S. DOUGLAS, Mil.
HON. ED. O'NEIL, " J. N. BORNSTEIN, Esq., do
H. E. KELLOGG, Esq., " S. MATHEWS, Esq., do
JAS. BONNELL, Esq., " S. S. CALLAHAN, Oshkosh
P. H. STORM, Esq., " D. A. CHAMBERLIN, "
HON. E. D. HOLTON, " Kilbourn City.
DR. JAS. JOHNSON, "

THE MERCANTILE COURSE AT THIS College is advisedly estimated as the most extensive, thorough, practical and modern, for beginners, and every practicable has been taken, that for the acquisition of a business education complete to the most minute particular, it shall, as heretofore, have positively no equal.

The student conducts, in the most approved style, the following business books, which in our extensive, responding transactions were modelled at great expense for this College only, by eminent book-keepers actually engaged in the various departments represented, viz: Railroad, (operative and constructive,) Bank, Hotel, Manufacturing, Lumber, Compound Co., Advertising, Jobbing, Importing, Exporting, Forwarding, Express, Commission, Mill, Steamboat, Warehouse, Publishing, Printing, Auction, Insurance, Admiralty, Factors, Professional, Wholesale, Retail, Individual, Partnership, &c. He is thoroughly drilled in every kind of letters, documents, and correspondence that can possibly occur in business, and will receive instruction in Mercantile Grammar, Geography, and Law, the Art of Writing, Single and Double Entry &c. Civil Engineering and Surveying Completes.

☞ GRADUATES ASSISTED TO SITUATIONS. ☜

Emboldened by the success which has attended the progress of the Institution, the President has secured the services of the celebrated

ALBERT MORTON,

The Celebrated "Maine" Penman.

Who will teach that simple and unquisitely beautiful system of Penmanship which is fast superseding the older method.

NORMAL DEPT.—The Teachers and Lecturers attached exclusively to this Institution are purely *practical* business men, and eminent lawyers, and the aim of study is so arranged that the Graduate must of necessity have acquired the precise practice of actual business life.

"No certificate, nor introduction could more powerfully commend an unknown or unripied applicant for a situation, than a diploma from this excellent College." See testimonial presented by the Merchants of Milwaukee to Mr. Salom, elsewhere, par. 3. One of the new large Blackboards should be read by everyone anxious to invest his time and money to the best possible advantage. A copy will be forwarded free, on application to

dec2ew76dawly S. H. SALOM, President.

French and Italian Languages.

REV. J. B. PEDELUPE, CITY MISSIONARY to the Germans and other Foreigners, in order to reclaim himself in his Mission, wishes to have some scholars to whom he would teach the above named Languages. Any wordlelf for Him at the Post Office, or at his residence, 355 Third Street, Second Ward, opposite the La Grosse & Milwaukee Passenger Depot, will meet with prompt attention.

☞ He is also building a Church in the Sixth Ward, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, for which he solicits aid. mar15d2dm

MRS. SHANNS, SHIRT MANUFACTORY, 36 WISCONSIN STREET. myr2dlmo

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON

MANUFACTURERS of the Great Western Fire, Powder, and Burglar Proof Safes, Vault Doors, etc. A our Safes are provided with our own patent infallible Safe Lock. We would also call special attention to our own Double Acting Combination Lock, which is now used by most of the Banks in the City and the State.

Bell Hanging, and Repairing of Safes and Locks, also promptly attended to by

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON,
jy7d29tdly No. 245 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, Sheboygan, Manitowoc & Two Rivers.

THE STEAMER GAZELLE, Capt. T. G. Butler, will make regular trips to above ports, leaving our dock mornings at 8 o'clock. JOHNSON & OLMSTED, Agents. se20d10tf

BIRD CAGES AND WILLOW WARE.

BLAIR & PERSONS, AT THEIR NEW Store, No. 156 East Water Street, are just opening the best assortment of Bird Cages and Willow Ware ever brought to this market, which they offer to the trade, or at retail, at the lowest prices. May 11th, 1859. jy2d1w

Groceries and Provisions.

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. B. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge. dec14d305dly

F. JACOBI & CO.,

No. 20 Market Square, Murray's Block

RECOMMEND THEIR WELL KNOWN stock of—

FRENCH AND RHINE WINES,

BRANDIES, ARRAC, RUM AND GIN,

And all other articles in their line of business. Our goods are of the best quality, and we continue to sell the same as heretofore, at the lowest possible prices. Our Counters and cases are also articles adapted to a Grocery Store, for sale cheap. aug28d10dly

THIS WAY WITH YOUR MONEY!

JOHN W. LEDYARD,

Cash Grocer and Wine Dealer,

NO. 161 EAST WATER STREET.

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY FINE GREEN and BLACK TEAS;
The best place to buy OLD JAVA and MOCHA COFFEES;
The best place to buy nice SYRUPS;
The best place to buy all kinds of MOLASSES;
The best place to buy SUGAR CURED HAMS;
The best place to buy all kinds of SALT FISH;
The best place to buy Cross & Blackwell's PICKLES;
The best place to buy all kinds FOREIGN SAUCES;
The best place to buy all kinds PIE FRUITS;
The best place to buy SUGAR CURED HAMS;
The best place to buy SMOKED BEEF;
The best place to buy CHOICE BUTTER;
The best place to buy PALE ALES;
The best place to buy FOREIGN ALE and PORTER
The best place to buy TOILET SOAPS;
The best place to buy all kinds WASHING SOAPS;
The best place to buy best STARCH;
The best place to buy FIRE RAISINS, PRUNES;
The best place to buy all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO;
The best place to buy FIRE RAISINS, PRUNES;
The best place to buy all kinds of CIGARS;
The best place to buy pure LIQUORS for family use
The best place to buy Native Wines;
The best place to buy a good box CIGARS;
The best place to buy Meerschaum SMOKING TOBACCO;
The best place to buy high and low cost CHEWING TOBACCO;
The best place to buy Weldon Pine Apple CHEESE;
The best place to buy English & American "
The best place to buy good GOODS;
The best place to buy GOODS CHEAP;
The best place to buy all kinds GROCERIES;
Wood
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119

HAVING A BUYER CONSTANTLY IN the New York market, has facilities for offering Goods unsurpassed by any House in the West. Jeod30dly

GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING COMpleted his purchases in the eastern markets of his Fall and Winter Stock, most respectfully invites the attention of the public to the following, which he will sell low for cash:

60 bbls. Stuart's N. Y. Sugars—crushed, powdered, and granulated.
20 bbls. N. Y. Refined Sugars—"various grades."
40 bbls. Raw Sugars—Porto Rico, Muscovado, &c.
20 bbls. N. Y. SYRUPS.
50 chests Tea—Fresh Crops of various quality.
50 bags Coffee—Java, Rio, &c.
60 boxes Pyle's Saleratus.
60 bxs. Pyle's Soap.
15 bxs. "George's Bank" Codfish.

Also a large and extensive assortment of all goods in his line.

GEORGE H. STEVENS,
nov2 No. 14 Spring Street, corner West Water.

Dry Goods.

LADIES'

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

Adler & Newbouer

171 EAST WATER STREET,

WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF THEIR

STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT AUCTION

COMMENCING ON

THURSDAY, JUNE 23,

AND CONTINUE UNTIL

The Entire Stock is Sold Out.

Hours of Sale—10 to 12 A. M., 3 to 6 P. M.

N. B.—All those indebted to the firm are notified to come forward without delay; otherwise the claims will be handed over for collection.

ADLER & NEWBOUER,
171 East Water st., opposite the State Bank.

☞ Goods will be exhibited at private sale until the above date. je17

GREAT BARGAINS!

MAY BE EXPECTED, AT

187 East Water Street,

AS THAT

Immense Stock of Dry Goods!!

MUST BE CLOSED OUT!

Without Respect to Cost!!

CALDWELL & CO.,

BANKERS,

SAINT PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

WILL ATTEND TO PAYMENT OF Taxes, Loaning of Money, &c., on commission. Collections received on favorable terms, and current rate of Exchange on New York. Refer to State Bank of Wisconsin, Phenix Insurance Co., Ludington & Co., Morton Brothers & Co., and the business men of Milwaukee generally. sep21d6m191dly

ALEXANDER W. MANN & CO.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXchange, St. Paul, Minnesota, make collections and remit on favorable terms. Land Warrants bought, sold and located. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes. jy14d52d1m

Pianos, Melodeons, &c.

The Milwaukee Light Guards Quick-step.

COMPOSED BY H. N. HEMPSTED, and dedicated to the Milwaukee Light Guards—embellished with a splendid Military Title page, and with portraits of the Captain, Lieutenant, Sergeant, and privates of the Company, lithographed, in colors by Sarony & Major, of New York. Price 50 cents. Copies sent by mail. Just published, and for sale by

H. N. HEMPSTED,
Music Dealer, 171 East Water Street.
je23

Howe's Drawing-Room Dances.

CONTAINING ALL THE POPULAR and Fashionable Dances, Quadrilles, &c., with every variety of the most approved figures and calls for the different changes. Arranged for the Piano and Violin in one neat volume of over 50 pages. Price one dollar. Copies sent by mail.

H. N. HEMPSTED,
Music Store, 171 East Water St.
je11

BRASS BAND INSTRUMENTS

SAX HORNS, CORNETS, &C.—BASS and Tenor Drums, all sizes, and of the best manufacture. Drum Heads, Cords, &c. For sale by

H. N. HEMPSTED,
171 East Water Street.
je 11

AWARDED TO The Best Piano Fortes CHICKERING & SONS

The Best Pianos

ARE MANUFACTURED BY

Chickering & Sons,

WHO HAVE RECEIVED

38 MED

Special Notices.

DR. H. KNAPP,

RECENTLY OF N. Y. MAY BE CONSULTED at his rooms, Newhall House, Milwaukee, the first of every month, commencing Nov. 1, in regard to all diseases, which he treats with unprecedented success. He cures chronic cases of diseases, which have been pronounced incurable by the Medical faculty generally, such as nervous and Neuralgic Affections, Diseases of Women, all forms of Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Skin Diseases, Cancerous and Tuberculous Affections, including Pulmonary Consumption, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, the diseases of Children, &c. All the perils, and most of the sufferings of childbirth are removed by early consultation.

Remember that the Doctor does not promise to cure all stages of Diseases. While ALL diseases are curable, if taken in season, all stages are not. Your case may be curable this week, not next—to-day, not to-morrow, hence the danger of delay.

DR. KNAPP will be at his Rooms, Newhall House, from Tuesday noon, July 12th, to Thursday noon, July 14th. Consultation free. sep27th243datwly

A CARD TO THE "LADIES."

Dr. Duponco's Golden Periodical Pills

FOR FEMALES.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills are perfectly harmless. They have been used in the private practice of old Dr. Duponco for over thirty years, and thousands of ladies can testify to their great and never failing success in almost every case, in correcting irregularities, relieving painful and distressing menstruation, particularly at the change of life. From five to ten pills will cure that common yet dreadful complaints, the Whites. Nearly every lady in the land suffers from that complaint. The above pill has permanently cured thousands, and will cure you if you use them. They cannot harm you, on the contrary, they remove all obstructions, restore nature to its proper channel, and invigorate the whole system. Ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family, will find these pills a successful preventative. Pregnant Females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while pregnant, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition although their mildness would prevent any mischief to the health—otherwise, these pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1,00 per box. H. BOSWORTH & SONS,

Wholesale Agents for Milwaukee.

They will supply the trade at Proprietor's prices, and furnish circulars, and show cards. Sold also by H. Fess, jr., 136 East Water St., J. M. Alcott 268, J. H. Tesch, 9 Spring St., near C. & N. Gardner & Co., 19 Spring St. "Ladies" by enclosing $1,00 to R. Bosworth & Sons, or either of the above Agents, can have the above Golden Pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail.

N. B.—Be particular in asking for Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills, and remember, they are not a secret nostrum, every agent is given the receipt composing the Pills, and they will tell you they are the best and safest Pill for Females, ever introduced since the science of Medicine dawned upon the world.

sep21b227d&wly.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflamation—will allay all pain; and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arise from teething or from any other cause.

Life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & Perkins, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 3 Cedar street New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.

Jel5i1d99wdtwlr.

R. R. R.

LOSS OF TIME.—PERSONS AFFLICTED with disease unnecessarily lose much time. No remedy, in three days, is fit to be taken in the human system, unless it will in a few days establish some favorable symptoms of restoring the patient to health. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, for all acute pains, instantly proves its efficacy. The moment it is applied the most excruciating pains are relieved, and the most violent irritations allayed. If Rheumatism, or Stiffness of the Joints, or Weakness in the Back, or Lumbago, or Pain in the Side, or Dysentery, or Diarrhœa trouble you, Radway's Ready Relief will in a few minutes free you from your painful condition. Bear in mind, no pain will exist where the Ready Relief is applied.

For Scrofula, Syphilis, Sores, Rickets, Bad Coughs, Consumption, Night Sweats, Salt Rheum, in three days, Radway's Renovating Resolvent will make a favorable change.

Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Liver Complaint, take one of Radway's Regulators on going to bed.

RADWAY & CO., No. 32 John st., N. Y.

R R R is sold by C. Harrington, Bosworth & Sons L. F. Lake, and J. H. Tesch, Milwaukee, and by druggists everywhere. jy8dawlw

Clothing.

NEW

SPRING GOODS

—AT—

SWAFFIELD'S

Clothing Emporium!

196 EAST WATER STREET.

may6i219dly

VOIGT & SCHULTE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 925 East Water Street.

ARE NOW RECEIVING THE SPRING STYLES OF

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

Which they will make up in the most fashionable and substantial manner, on the most reasonable rates.

Gentlemen wishing their own goods to be made up, cut, or garments repaired, will receive prompt attention. VOIGT & SCHULTE.

All work warranted. jel1i168dly

JAMES A. SWAIN,

OF THE LATE FIRM OF MAGIE & SWAIN, will remain at the old stand,

No. 93 East Water Street,

Where he will be happy to welcome the patrons of the former house. ap15i123dly

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

1859.—SPRING OF—1859.

136 EAST WATER STREET,

GEO. DYER & CO.,

HAVE ON HAND ALTOGETHER THE most extensive and complete Stock of

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

AND CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS.

To be found in the State. In our Stock may be found all articles used by Saddle and Harness Makers, Carriage Trimmers and Trunk Makers, and to which we respectfully call the attention of the trade.

We keep on hand more than 100 varieties of Saddles, including

SIDE, SPANISH, PAD, COLUMBIAN, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH SADDLES.

All kinds of HARNESS, WAGON, BUGGY, CARRIAGE and COACH HARNESS.

Horse Collars of every description and quality.

WHIPS, BLANKETS, NETS, BELLS,

and every article used in connection with horses.

We are constantly receiving additions to our Stock, and will continue to keep a complete assortment of best goods, and as low as can be bought in the West. As Strangers visiting Milwaukee, we would say, our intention is to do business in such a manner as will satisfy all who give us a trial.

To our old customers we believe it is only necessary to say, we shall conduct our business on the same principle as heretofore, and thankful for past favors respectfully solicit their continuance. jel3i19dawly

Clothing.

COACH & SADLERY HARDWARE

BARNES BROTHERS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

No. 5 Albany Block,

WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION of the trade to their large and superior stock of

Saddlery Hardware,

—AND—

CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Saddles, Collars,

Patent and Enamelled Leather,

Enamelled Cloths, all qualities,

Whips, Horse Covers, Fly Nets, &c.,

Carriage Springs, Axles,

Malleable Iron, &c.,

Bows, Felloes, Spokes, Shafts, Hubs, &c., of the best Eastern timber.

3000 SADDLES.

Just received from one of the largest Eastern manufactories, the quality and workmanship unsurpassed by which we would invite special attention.

☞ Our Stock throughout will be found complete, and offered at the lowest prices.

BARNES BROTHERS,

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FILTERS! FILTERS!! FILTERS!

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BABY BUNN.

Winsome baby Bunn!
Brighter than the stars that rise
In the dusky evening skies,
Browner than the dusky wings,
Clearer than a woodland spring,
Are the eyes of baby Bunn—
Winsome baby Bunn!

Smile, mother, smile!
Thinking softly all the while
Of a tender, blissful day,
When the dark eyes, so like these
Of the baby on your knees,
Stole your girlish heart away.
Oh! the eyes of baby Bunn!
Rarest mischief they will do,
When once old enough to steal
What their father's stole from you!
Smile, mother, smile!

Winsome baby Bunn!
Milk-white lilies half unrolled,
Set in calyces of gold,
Cannot ratchik his forehead fair,
With his rings of yellow hair!
Scarlet berry cleft in twain
By a wedge of pearly grain,
Is the mouth of baby Bunn!
Winsome baby Bunn!

Weep, mother, weep!
For the little one asleep
With his head against your breast!
Never in the coming years,
Though he seeks for it with tears,
Will he find so sweet a rest.
Oh, the brow of baby Bunn!
Oh, the scarlet mouth of Bunn!
One must wear its crown of thorns,
Drink its cup of gall must one!
Though the trembling lips shall shrink,
White with anguish as they drink,
And the temple sweat with pain
Drops of blood like purple rain:
Weep, mother, weep!

Winsome, little baby Bunn!
Not the sea shell's palest tinge,
Not the daisy's rose-white fringe,
Not the softest, faintest glow
Of the sunset on the snow,
Is more beautiful and sweet
Than the wee pink hands and feet
Of the little baby Bunn—
Winsome baby Bunn!

Pray, mother, pray!
Feet like these may lose the way,
Wandering blindly from the right.
Pray, and sometimes will your prayers
Be to him like golden stairs
Built through darkness into light.
Oh! the dimpled feet of Bunn!
In the silken stockings dressed!
Oh! the dainty hands of Bunn!
Hid like rose-leaves in your breast!
These will grasp as jewels rare,
But to find them empty air;
These shall falter many a day,
Bruised and bleeding by the way,
Ere they reach the land of rest:
Pray, mother, pray!

The Empire of Austria.

There is a period in the lives of Empires, as of individuals, when the evil they have done rises up in judgment against them, when the voice of self-delusion and flattery is heard no longer, and when the occasions they have missed and the opportunities they have misused scourge them with a vengeance only the more bitter that it has been long delayed.—Such are the times that have come at last upon the great and powerful nation of Austria. She not only did much evil, but the evil which she did was done upon system and according to precedent. She had, as every human being or aggregate of human beings has, clearly laid before her the different elements of power and success, the spiritual and the material, the ennobling and the degrading, the progressive and the obstructive, and she deliberately chose the latter.—By no means negligent of the welfare of the great mass of her subjects, she has contrived to disgust and alienate the feelings of all who rose in the least above the tamest mediocrity, who thought, or felt, or reasoned, or acted for themselves.

Physical force was her idol, and she fell down and worshipped it in the dust. By the coarsest methods, by beating with the stick one class of offenders, by imprisoning another, and by shooting or hanging a third, Austria contrived to establish throughout her wide dominions the superiority of the baser over the nobler parts of man. She has no literature; she has no aspirations; imagination is banished from her dominions under the penalties of fine, bastinado or imprisonment. This brutality has in it a certain kind of vitality. It holds wonderfully together. It has even extorted admiration and become a sort of idol to those who despair of the destinies of humanity, and believe that men are sheep to be fleeced; or cattle to be driven by the stronger. But we are just beginning to see the real moral and meaning of all this, and it is too instructive to be passed over in silence.

Austria trusted in her army. It was composed to be sure of different races, all more or less discontented with the Imperial Government, all more or less hostile to each other; but it was excellently drilled, it was provided with competent officers, it had experience of all the ordinary manœuvres of war, and it was surrounded wherever it went by a most elaborate system of fortification. The time of trial has arrived, and how has this enormous machine, to support which the empire has been depopulated and the finances ruined, borne the strain and tension of actual hostilities? It has been shattered to pieces—not for want of courage and endurance, or technical acquaintance with military evolutions, but because this vast mass was directed by intelligence of a low order, and was deficient in that activity, self-reliance, and power of spontaneous action which distinguish the French soldier. Mind and matter have met together and matter has been shattered in the conflict. Brute force has been no match for intelligent valor, and the most obstinate endurance has yielded before the onslaught of an enemy who knows what victory is, and how she is to be wooed and won.

But the defeat of her military system is by no means all the evil with which Austria is threatened. The successors of Joseph II. have concluded a degrading Concordat with Rome; they have taken to their heart and counsels that strange and fatal race of men who seem destined ever to pursue an end which they are never allowed to reach. In her intellectual degradation Austria has prostrated herself before the Order of Jesus.—The throne of the young Emperor is surrounded by that ominous band, the sure precursors of the ruin of thrones and the downfall of monarchies. Louis XIV. took them to his heart, and prosperity left him never to return. James II. and Charles X. lost under their advice the kingdoms of their ancestors, and surrounded by them Francis Joseph seems to be drifting towards a similar consummation. Even at a moment like the present there is hardly a loyal race in the Empire that is not disgusted at ecclesiastical tyranny, and the misfortunes of the State bring no relaxation to the miseries of the Protestant or Jew.

Every province of Austria in the meanwhile groans under the confiscation of its rights and the forfeiture of its privileges.—Hungary, loyal and aristocratic in its aspirations, cannot forget that ten years ago it had a Constitution as ancient as our own, and that it has been degraded from the rank of a Constitutional Monarchy to that of a subjugated Province. Bohemia is plunged in sullen and dangerous discontent; and Tyrol—faithful Tyrol—so often the last and surest refuge of the House of Austria—Tyrol, the mother of Hofer and Speckbacher, is for the first time in history alienated and discontented, and draws back in the hour of trial from the service of a Government which it no longer loves or respects. Matters are coming rapidly to a crisis, while the Austrian Government, with absurd tenacity, adopts the ruinous logic of pride and folly, and will not yield to the just demands of her subjects, "for fear she should be thought to do so upon compulsion."

Now, it is assuredly not the interest of England that Austria should be blotted out from the map of Europe, or that the void which this disappearance would create should be filled by the elements of confusion and revolution. By interest, which is stronger than sympathy, our welfare is to a certain extent bound up in hers, and therefore we ought to have credit for sincerity when we urge upon the young Emperor that the time for a complete change of system ought no longer to be deferred. The army cannot be remodelled in the presence of an active and enterprising enemy, but, at any rate, the course of domestic discontent and disunion may be arrested. A few well-timed concessions might render Hungary the strength instead of the weakness of the Empire, might enable Austria to laugh to scorn the threats of Kossuth or Klapka, and turn doubtful auxilliaries into sincere and valiant friends. The same may be said of Bohemia, the same may be said of the Tyrol.

The old system of iron repression has become an impossibility. Austria may still, if she pleases, be the head of a number of nationalities governed each according to its ancient policy and traditions, or she may lose all in the futile attempt to preserve her absolute, centralizing, and degrading system.—Happy for her if her EMPEROR draws from present circumstances a warning which his predecessors have refused to understand. To remain what she is is no longer in Austria's power; she must either put from her the gross abuses of her system, or make up her mind to perish with them. The real attachment of her provinces north of the Alps might well indemnify her for the loss of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom; but the attachment is only to be conciliated by a complete change of system. The losses and reverses of the Italian campaign would be a blessing instead of a misfortune, were they to prevail upon Austria even now to adopt a progressive and liberal system, and, convinced by the teaching of adversity to cast from her that traditional policy which twice already in the present century has led her to the verge of ruin.—*London Times.*

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Milwaukee, June 1859. je9i285-3ly

MANTLES,

WATER COOLERS,

GRATES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—AT—

CARLISLE & STAUGHTON'S,

SEAMAN'S BLOCK,

may7 HURON STREET.

SPRING AND SUMMER.

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, ROPE, AND TINMAN STOCK.

CASH SYSTEM.

HAVING ADOPTED THE CASH SYSTEM for the past year, seeing its advantages, particularly to our customers, we have consolidated to purchase, selling our goods for Cash the coming year. We will sell in small or large quantities to suit customers, at such prices that we know we better can than any other establishment. Call and satisfy yourselves.

We are confident the CASH SYSTEM is the only true one, and shall make increased efforts to do business on that basis, and no house can successfully compete with us.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

To this Department, we call the especial attention of the city, country, and persons tributary to Milwaukee, as possessing advantages to any store in Milwaukee. Our Stock is large, the assortment more numerous and varied than any of the goods, superior to that which we generally find in Hardware

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, July 18th, 1859.

Money Matters, &c.

Money matters are quiet, and rates steady as last noted. Exchange continues plenty at 1½ ⅌ cent on New York, with a tendency towards a decline which, it is to be hoped will soon take place. Gold is buying and selling at the same rate as Eastern exchange. Money, though not plenty, is in sufficient supply to meet the legitimate wants of trade. Bank discounts 10 ⅌ cent. Brokers' rates 1 to 2 ⅌ cent a month.

THE CLEARING HOUSE SYSTEM.—There is a growing feeling in favor of the establishment of a Clearing House system at all the commercial centres of the west The central redemption plan adopted recently by the banks of this city, has resulted favorably to the business community, enabling our merchants to buy their exchange at from ¾ to ⅞ ⅌ cent below the ruling rates at Chicago, besides improving the reputation of Wisconsin currency abroad. It has also had a tendency to contract the circulation of wild-cat banks, and if permanently continued our State will not probably be as prolific of these institutions in the future as it has been in the past. In alluding to this subject the Cincinnati *Gazette* very properly remarks:

Banks that are gotten up and conducted upon the idea that they are to be banks of circulation merely, and that it is their province to throw every possible obstacle in the way to prevent the return of their paper, after it has performed its functions, are getting to be regarded as an impolitic, and it may be said, we think, that their days are almost numbered. Such institutions will very soon find it impossible to stem the current of public opinion that is setting against them. There is a strong feeling in favor of the establishment of a Clearing House system, at all the leading commercial centers in the west, and it is evident that the movement looking to this end will be carried forward until the proposed plan will be put into operation. Already, Ohio and Indiana Banks have expressed themselves in favor of this plan. Most of the Kentucky Banks are also known to favor it. In Chicago the measure is being advocated, and in St. Louis, also, the question is being agitated. Under this plan, all banks of issue, whether located at accessible or inaccessible points, would be placed upon an equal footing as regards the matter of redemption; and such banks as would refuse to take care of their notes at their respective centers, would be discredited. They would thus be forced to maintain their credit or withdraw their circulation from the field covered by the Clearing Houses. The introduction of this system would put an end to the practice of locating banks at inaccessible points—it would put an end to those pretended Rings which have disgraced the Missouri banks—it would secure convertible paper money, and drive out the trash that is now diluting the currency of the west.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.—The statement of the New York Banks for the week ending yesterday, as reported by telegraph, shows the following changes:

Decrease in loans	$ 1,01,255
Increase in specie	762,951
Decrease in circulation	541,057
Increase in net deposits	728,967
Total specie	23,347,918

Breadstuffs, &c.

The following table shows the movements of breadstuffs at this point for the past 24 hours:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye bus.
Receipts.						
By M&Mis RR	120	1,725	577	92	....	....
By M&M RR..	86	86	244	116	....	87
By Lake	200	150	1,547	92	....	....
Total	406	1,951	2,468	270	....	35
Shipments.						
To Buffalo	964	110	11,654	....	....	....
To Ogdensb'gh	500	....	....	....	....	....
To St Cath'rines	....	10,228	....	....	....	....
To Collingwood	458	....	....	....	....	....
Total	1,592	10,338	11,654	....	....	....

To-day buyers did not seem inclined to come up to Saturday's closing figures for No. 1 wheat, generally limiting their offers to 65c; but holders not accepting the business done was confined to sales of a couple of car loads of No. 1 spring at 70 to 72c, about the same amount of good No. 2 at 60 to 62c, and a few hundred bushels extra club at 80c. The market closed dull and heavy on account of the unfavorable tone of commercial reports brought by the *Indian*. A small lot of choice spring extra flour sold at $4,12½. Good country brands were offered on 'Change at $4 without finding a purchaser. A couple of lots of oats sold at 35c in store, and 36c free on board Shelled corn was offered at 75c, at which figure a few hundred bushels sold. Potatoes suffered another heavy decline, selling at a range of 25 to 40c for common to good samples. Highwines declined 1c. Other articles generally unchanged.

CHICAGO, SATURDAY, JULY 16th.—Receipts: 1,084 bbls flour, 4,925 bus wheat, 26,604 bus corn, 6,525 bus oats. Shipments: 300 bbls flour, 40,567 bus corn.

The heaviness in the wheat market continues, and we have to note a still further decline of 2@3c on spring grades. About 60,000 bushels of all grades changed hands at $1,14@1,16 for new No. 1 red on track and delivered; $1,04 for old No. 1 red in store; 85c for No. 1 spring; 61@61c for standard spring, and 55c for No. 2 spring—closing dull, with buyers of all grades rather in round lots at 63@3c. Nothing doing in flour. The buoyancy in corn was not so great to-day; but the market was active at a decline of 1@2c before noon, and gradually suffering towards the close. About 50,000 bushels of all grades changed hands at 67@67½c for No. 1; 64@65 for No. 2, and 60c for selected—all in store. At the close there was a good demand at 65c, but no sellers below 66c. Oats are neglected and very dull, 35@36c. Now rye 75c. Wool firm. A lot of 5,500 lbs extra full blood Saxony was sold today at 46c. Buyers, however, are generally very cautious till they hear the result of the new England trade sale of woolen goods. Hides in better supply but the market continues firm. Old potatoes scarcely saleable.

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

MONDAY—7 P. M.

FREIGHTS—Sch. *York State*, oats and wheat to Buffalo, 2½ to 3¼c; sch. *Theo. Perry*, wheat to Oswego on p. t.

FLOUR—Dull and 12½ to 25c lower. Sales 25 bbls choice spring extra at $4,12½; good country extras offered at $4.

WHEAT—Very dull. Market closing heavy. Sales 73 bus No. 1 at 70c; 350 bus do at 72c; 340 bus extra club at 85c; 950 bus good No. 2 at 69c; 300 bus do at 62c.

OATS—Steady. Sales 300 bus in store at 35c; 1,000 bus f. o. b. at 36c.

CORN—Sales 360 bus at 75c.

BARLEY—Nominal.

RYE—Nominally lower. Quoted to-day at 80@85c.

POTATOES—Selling at 25 to 40c for ⅌bl, according to quality. Sales 50 bus common at 25c.

EGGS—Plenty a 8@9 by the bbl.

BUTTER—Lower. Sales 600 lbs firkin at 9c; fresh roll worth 10@12½c.

HIDES—In fair demand at 7@8c for green; 8½@9½c for salted; 18@19c for dry, and 16@18c for dry flint.

WOOL—Steady at former prices. Sales 300 lbs ¾ to ½ blood at 35c; 400 lbs ½ blood at 30c.

HIGHWINES—1c lower. Sales 60 bbls at 25½c.

RECEIPTS BY RAILROADS.

RECEIVED BY MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD, July 18.—120 bbls flour, 1,585 bus wheat, 877 bus oats, 92 bus corn, 1 bbl eggs, 20 tons stone, 9,000 lbs hides, 100 lbs butter, 10,860 lbs sundries, 10,215 lbs wool.

RECEIVED BY MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA R. R., July 18th.—96 bbls flour, 224 bus oats, 96 bus wheat, 35 bus rye, 166 bus corn, 500 lbs lbs hides, 3,000 lbs sundries.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, July 15—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Heavy and 10@20c lower. Sales 6,500 bbls at $4,15@5 Superfine State; $5,25@5,50 for Extra State, $5,25@5,75 for common to good Ex Western, $5,95@6,25 for do. $5,85@6,00 for trade brands of H O., declining heavy. Rye flour quiet at $4@4,75; sales 200 bbls. Canadian flat, 6.60.

WHEAT—Heavy and lower. Sales 5000 bus at 150c for white Mo, 155@158 for new white southern, 120@130 for new red do, and white Ky on p. t.

RYE—Nominal at 89@90.

BARLEY—Dull.

OATS—Buoyant. Sales 28,000 bush at 80c, damaged new mixed western in store, 95 for old mixed western in store, 82 for round yellow in store, 82 for new mixed western delivered: 63 for sound yellow.

OATS—Dull and lower—41@43c for State and 40@45 for Canadian.

PORK—Heavy and dull; sales 1,800 bbls at 15,80@15,90 for mess; 16 for thin mess, 15 for sour mess, 12 for prime.

BEEF—Unchanged; sales 875 bbls at 6@6,50 for prime, 8@9 for do mess; 9,50@13 for repacked Chicago, 13,50@15 for extras, Prime mess beef dull and nominal.

BEEF HAMS—Firm; sales 30 bbls at 17,62½, now held at 18.

BACON—Dull; sales 25 hhds western smoked at 6½ for shoulders, and 8¾ for hams.

CUT MEATS—Dropping; sales 175 hhds at 6¾@6¾ for shoulders, and 8@8¾ for hams.

LARD—Dull; sales 400 bbls at 10¾@11.

BUTTER—Dull; 11@15c for Ohio; 18@18 for State.

CHEESE—Dull at 9@9¾c.

TALLOW—Firm at 10¾@11, cash.

WHISKEY—Dull; sales 150 bbls at 26½.

STOCKS—U S 5's 74 10⅝, Va 6's 93½, Mo 6's 83½, I C bonds 83½, S 50, M C S's 90½, D & H 99½, Pac Mail 71, S 30, N Y C 78½, Hudson 55½, Harlem pref 37, Reading 45½, M C 41, Panama 113½, M S 25½, G & C 60½.

BUFFALO MARKET.

BUFFALO, July 18—9 P. M.

FLOUR—Inactive, and tending downwards; sales 500 bbls at 3,00 for sour, $4,00@4,50 for State and extra 10 from Chi Spring Wheat; 5,50@6,00 for extra Mich, Ind and Ohio; $6,25@6,75 for double extras; 4,50 @5 for extra Wis.

WHEAT—Dull, and lower; sales 6,000 bus red Ohio bagged at 1,03@1,10; 500 bush new and old Kentucky at 1,45 for old, and 1,40 for new amber; 2,200 bushels white Ohio at 1,30.

CORN—Closed dull; sales 18,000 cus ill at 75c.

No sales of other grains.

WHISKEY—Steady; sales 200 bbls at 25c.

CANAL FREIGHTS TO N. Y.—Steady; Corn 3¾, wheat 2¾c, flour 25c.

LAKE IMPORTS—4,000 bbls flour, 16,000 bus wheat, 44,000 bus corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—900 bbls flour, 14,000 bu wheat, 5,000 bus corn.

ARRIVALS OF MERCHANDIZE.

Per Propeller Hunter—Collingwood Line—George D. Bousman, Agent.

FOR THE CITY.—Adams, S & White, 6 rolls leather; G D Norris, 10 coils rope.

FOR THE COUNTRY.—S H Clark, Prairie du Chien, 2 cases goods.

Per Propeller Cuyahoga—People's Line—Tibbits, Starkweather & Co., Agents—Last W. H. R. Dock.

FOR THE CITY.—Plumer, S & Co, 8 bxs oil; S Hurd, 2 bbls crackers; Pfister & Co, 200 bbls rye flour; A L Hutchinson, 200 pkgs salt; R W Pierce & Co, 5 bbls paper; Elmore Bros, 15 bbls d fruit; E H Cornelius 25 bxs medicines.

FOR THE COUNTRY.—N W H Coon, Edgerton, 1 buggy, &c; M Gray, Calumet, 2 wagons and bx; Merrihew & Co; Mazomanie 2 pkgs; L Chase, Clayton, Ia, 50 kgs lead; Curran & Kalb, Fond du Lac, 2 pkgs drugs; B Presley & Co, St Paul, 3 bbls sugar, 5 bgs coffee, 25 pkgs goods; C H Schuremeier, St Paul, 19 pkgs goods; 4 half-chests tea, 4 bxs soda, 12 tons rice, 1 bbl oil, 1 M Ex buster, 8 boxes cordage; C Weider & Co, St Paul, 2 bgs coffee, 20 bxs saleratus, 5 bgs spice, 9 hf-chests tea, 1 bbl currants, 3 bxs oil.

Per Propeller Tonawanda—Western Transportation Company—W. F. Hurd, Agent—M. & M. R. R. Dock.

FOR THE CITY—P Goes, 1 c p hangings; N & McNab, 5 c alum cake; J F Burchard, 2 chairs; J M D & Co, 5 h sugar; S O West, 5 bxs books; L J H & Co, 107 boxes paper; H J Nunro & Co, 27 bdls steel; H Niedecken, 16 bdls goods; Holubolz & L, 21 pkgs pipes; L J Hobart, 10 bbls tobacco; N D, 207 bdls paper; N Brick, 52 bdls stock; Elmore Bros, 200 bbls cement; J Rice, 50 boxes goods; Nunro & Co, 3 pkgs h ware; 926 bdls rods; L J Hobart, 10 pkgs paper; C T Stamm, 4 stoves, 8 pkgs h ware; W Trine Co, 500 bbls salt; E Hyde, 52 pcs stoves; A Campbell, 1 bx h ware; E Meyer, 1 bx g ware; H & Dellow, 7 bxs crates; Neyman & Z, 12 r Rather; Bradley & M, 4 r do.

FOR THE COUNTRY.—Kelley & B, Minneapolis, Minn, 1 bx drugs, 5 pkgs goods, 10 h r iron, 10 bxs alcratus; S W, Rosendorf, 5 pkgs crockery, 20 pkgs glass; F L Billinger, Oshkosh, 2 c h ware; Case & Co, Prairie du Chien, 2 bxs h ware, 3 bbls sugar, 2 bxs starch; W N Hoover, Mazomanie, 5 pkgs h ware; Mervin & Goodnow, Beaver Dam, 6 pkgs ar ware, 12 bdls c and f; Koch & Leland, Watertown, 3 cases c stuff, Carpenter & Co, Fond du Lac, 2 bdls mill, 2 pkgs goods, 12 bdls tar; Lawrence & Atwood, Janesville, 6 pumps, 2 pkgs h ware; A ⅌ Blakney, Bradford, Ia, 17 pkgs h ware; T de Graef, Kewaukee, 1 bx h ware; Case & Co, Prairie du Chien, 1 bx do, 5 pkgs tobacco, 10 do goods; Moore & Smith, Prairie du Sac, 3 pkgs goods; F Lutz, 1 r leather; F Clark, Waukesha, 20 bbls whiskey.

Per Propeller Wisconsin—Northern Transportation Co.—O. A. Hale, Agent, at M. & M. R. R. Dock.

FOR THE CITY.—Bosworth & Son, 1 bx goods, E H, 20 bbls molasses, 10 bxs soap, 2 bgs cascia; C N Bullock, 1 pck dried fruit; Empire Store, 1 bx goods; C & N W R R Co, 50 R R chairs.

FOR THE COUNTRY.—Kennedy & V, Oshkosh, 1 bbl oil; P Shaw, Dodgeville, 1 gr stone; Colwell & Co, Oshkosh, 55 bxs boots; S W Williams, Oshkosh, 1 bgs leaf; A J Pearsall, Janesville, Ia, 3 bxs hats; H R Wescott, Shawano, 5 bxs h goods; Sumner & Co, Baraboo, 3 boxes soap, 8 do goods, 2 bbls tobacco; G W Woolley, St. Paul, 2 bbls drugs; J J Smith, Fox Lake, 2 bbls confectionery, 1 bbl w lead, 1 bx paint; Burch & L, Portage City, 1 pkg 3 hats, 2 bx pickles, 1 bx goods; Rogers & Son, S Paul, 40 sacks hair.

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, July 17th, 1859.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Cleveland, Dougal, Grand Haven
Steamer City of Cleveland, Squier, Grand Haven
Steamer Gazelle, Butler, Two Rivers
Propeller Lumber, Smith, Manitowoc, 17 bags glue
Steamer Traveller, Sweeney, Chicago, 112 bbls apples, 150 bus wheat, 32 bus barley, 125 empty hf bbls, 17 pkgs sundries, 30 pass
Propeller Reindeer, Wilkins, Williams, Chicago
Propeller Everyreen City, Chamberlin, Chicago, 50 bbls highwines
Propeller Menekon, Spencer, Chicago
Propeller Hunter, Cockson, Collingwood, 2 cases boots and shoes, 10 coils rope, 6 bdls leather, 6 pass
Propeller Cuyahoga, Welch, 200 bbls salt, 200 bbls rye flour, 200 pkgs mdz
Propeller Buffalo, Burrell, Dickson, Chicago
Propeller Dacotah, Conlins, Buffalo, 92 tons mdz, 78 tons R R spikes
Schooner Col. Shepard, Wilson, White Lake, 15m feet lumber, 30 m shingles
Schooner Guide, Johnson, Sand Bay, 100 cords bark
Schooner Fish Hawk, Thompson, Sheboygan, 3,247 bus oats, 242 bbls fish
Schooner Milford F. Moore, Spencer, Chicago
Schooner Palmer, Davidson, Menominee, 130m ft lumber
Schooner Farmer, Thompson, Muskegon, 50m ft lumber, 200 cedar posts
Schooner Experiment, Lambert, Manistee, 50m ft lumber
Schooner Sacramento, Lambert, Manistee, 50m ft lumber
Schooner Experiment, Ames, St Joseph, 31m ft lumber, 5 bbls oil, 6 bbls honey, 4 pass
Schooner Wayne, Ferdinand, Sand Bay, 45m ft lumber

CLEARED.

Steamer Cleveland, Dougall, Grand Haven
Steamer City of Cleveland, Squier, Grand Haven
Steamer Traveller, Sweeney, Chicago
Steamer Gazelle, Butler, Two Rivers
Propeller Prairie State, Williams, Ogdensburgh, 500 bbls flour
Propeller Rocket, Rice, Chicago
Propeller Everyreen City, Chamberlin, Collingwood, 62 bales wool, 155 bbls flour
Propeller Menekon, Spencer, Buffalo
Propeller Dacotah, Conlins, Buffalo
Propeller Tonawanda, Palmer, Chicago
Propeller Plymouth, Dickson, Buffalo, 234 bbls flour, 87 bbls oil (from cargo of Rocket)